

PUPPET - A User Manual

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Abstract

This article is the user's guide for PUPPET . Please refer to [3] for the detailed description of the whole approach, the architectural description of the proposed implementation, the tools and the standard that have been used, or for any kind of motivation of the work.

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1 Puppet Overview

To ensure consistent cooperation for business-critical services, with contractually agreed levels of Quality of Service, SLA specifications as well as techniques for their evaluation are nowadays irremissible assets. Puppet (Pick UP Performance Evaluation Test-bed) is an original approach developed within PLASTIC for the automatic generation of test-beds to empirically evaluate the QoS features of a Web Service under development. Specifically, the generation exploits the information about the coordinating scenario, the service description (WSDL) and the specification of the agreements (WS-Agreement).

As described in [3, 2, 1], PUPPET was originally designed in order to automatically generate stubs conforming only to SLA behaviors ignoring functional aspects (i.e., they provided good QoS values but the responses were not built to be semantically meaningful). However, we have since realized that in the general case extra-functional aspects are tightly coupled with functional characteristics.

The current version of PUPPET integrates the emulation of the functional specifications as part of the generated testbed. The obtained environment can expose not only the specified extra-functional parameters but also meaningful functional behavior. Specifically, PUPPET generates stubs for Web Services which respect both an extra-functional contract expressed via a Service Level Agreement (SLA), and a functional contract modeled via a Service State Machine (SSM, see Chapter 5.9).

2 Technical info

Provider CNR

Introduction PUPPET is a tool for the automatic generation of test-beds to empirically evaluate the QoS features of a Web Service under development. The stubs generated with PUPPET conform both the extra-functional contract expressed via a Service Level Agreement (SLA), and a functional contract modeled via a state machine.

Development status Version PuppetD4.3

Intended audience Developers who intend to test a PLASTIC service in composition with 3rd party Web Services

License Open source under GPLv3 with some exceptions to include libs

Language Java, XML

Environment (set-up) In the following the required software and hardware :

Hardware: No specific hardware is required. However the system was tested with a commercial PC with 1Gbyte RAM

Software: The following JAR library are required in order to compile and to launch PUPPET :

Apache Axis 1.4 Libs : axis-ant.jar, axis.jar, commons-discovery.jar, commons-logging.jar, jaxrpc.jar, jsr173_1.0_api.jar, log4j-1.2.8.jar, wsdl4j.jar, saaj.jar – available at <http://ws.apache.org/axis>.

Apache XMLBeans Libs : xbean.jar – available at <http://xmlbeans.apache.org>.

String Template Libs : stringtemplate.jar – available at <http://www.stringtemplate.org>.

INI4J Libs : ini4j.jar, ini4j-compat.jar – available at <http://ini4j.sourceforge.net>.

Jambition Libs : SSMSimulator.jar, minerva.jar (see Chapter 5.9)

Other Libs : antlr-2.7.7.jar, xercesImpl.jar, xmlsec.jar, mail.jar, activation.jar, java-getopt-1.0.13.jar

Please note that **PuppetD4.3.tgz** archive includes a version of these libraries in the directory **PuppetD4.3/externalLibs**.

Platform Java jdk1.6 or later

Download Download the official version of PUPPET in PLASTIC at <http://plastic.isti.cnr.it/download/tools>

Documents Related documents on the approach, the architectural description, and the implementation of PUPPET are [3, 2, 1].

Tasks N/A

Bugs N/A

Patches N/A

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3 Deployment

3.1 Install

Unzip the archive **PuppetD4.3.tgz** and configure the environmental CLASSPATH with the required libs indicated above.

The directory structure is the following:

- PuppetD4.3
 - doc
 - example
 - externalLibs
 - puppet.jar
 - puppetLibs
 - puppet.sh
 - runPuppet.bat
 - src
 - xml

The directory **PuppetD4.3/doc** holds this manual. The directory **PuppetD4.3/xml** holds the definitions mapping of the WS-Agreement statements into the Java code. The directories **PuppetD4.3/externalLibs** and **PuppetD4.3/puppetLibs** hold the libraries required by PUPPET in order to run. As your preference, you would append the name of the .jar files in **PuppetD4.3/puppetLibs** and **PuppetD4.3/externalLibs** to the Java CLASSPATH variable. **PuppetD4.3/puppet.sh** and **PuppetD4.3/runPuppet.bat** are executable batch scripts that set the Java CLASSPATH variable and run PUPPET on a given input file.

3.2 Configure

PUPPET generates stubs for web services according what defined in a given configuration file. The configuration file is supposed to compile with the standard INI File Format. In such file, PUPPET looks for the section named **[mainSection]**. PUPPET loads its parameters as specified in the configuration held by this section.

The parameters that could be specified into the input configuration file are:

wsdlPath : It is the path to the directory holding the WSDL specifications of all the services whose emulators would be generated by means of PUPPET . Required.

targetPath : It is the path to the directory where PUPPET will dump the generated stubs. Required.

JarPath : It is the path to the required JAR file libraries listed above.¹ . Required.

¹In the future releases it would be deprecated

wsaFilename : It is the name of the WS-Agreement file describing the agreements among the considered services. If it is not specified, PUPPET would look for a file named: **agreement.xml**. Optional

trueTermsFilename : It is the name of the file holding the terms of the agreement that have to be considered as fulfilled. As described in Sec 4.1, for each term in the agreement, PUPPET will generate code that emulates an extra functional behavior if and only if the term is fulfilled. If this file name is not specified, PUPPET would look for a file named: **gtTrueItemList.xml**. Optional

wsaPath : It is the path to the directory holding the WS-Agreement file. Required.

trueTermsPath : It is the path to the directory holding the *trueTermsFilename*. If it is not specified, PUPPET would assign to this parameter the path to the directory holding the WS-Agreement file (*wsaPath*). Optional.

qcMappingFilename : It is the path to the file holding the template mapping of the Qualifying Conditions in WS-Agreement on to the the Java code that will be generated. PUPPET already includes a predefined mapping file. Even though it is possible to change this mapping, we strongly discourage from changing it. Optional.

sloMappingFilename : It is the path to the file holding the template mapping of the Service Level Objectives in WS-Agreement on to the Java code that will be generated. PUPPET already includes a predefined mapping file. Even though it is possible to change this mapping, we strongly discourage from changing it. Optional.

ambitionMode : If it is set to “on” enables the emulation of the functional behavior with Jambition. By default it is set to “off”. Optional.

3.3 Usage

Let us assume that the variable **CLASSPATH** of the JVM you are executing includes both the JAR files listed in the item **Tools** above, and those contained in **PuppetD4.3/puppetLibs**. PUPPET usage is:

```
java -cp $CLASSPATH:puppet.jar puppet.Puppet <IniConfigurationFile>
```

An alternative way to run PUPPET is executing the batch scripts **PuppetD4.3/puppet.sh** and **PuppetD4.3/runPuppet.bat** ² on a given <IniConfigurationFile>.

4 Tutorial

4.1 Terms in the Agreement and Generation Process

In WS-Agreement [7], an agreement specification is composed by one or more terms. These terms are grouped by logic connectors. Connectors express whether how many of the contained terms must be fulfilled to take the agreement as a whole fulfilled. The connectors that are currently included in the WS-Agreement specification are: All (logic AND), OneOrMore (logic OR) and ExactlyOne (logic XOR).

Different scenarios could be considered defining a set of terms in the agreement that are assumed fulfilled. This set of terms enables in PUPPET the generation of the Java code emulating the extra functional behavior. PUPPET loads the list of these terms parsing an XML file. The value of each element in the XML file refers to the name of a term in the WS-Agreement specification. The example in Table 1 shows how to enable the code generation for term named **WarehouseGT** in the agreement specification.

4.2 The Syntax for the Terms in the WS-Agreement Contracts

This section describes the domain specific syntax adopted in order to instantiate the generic contents defined by the Terms in WS-Agreement. The section is organized in three main parts: Section 4.2.1 introduces the syntax that PUPPET uses in order to specify under which conditions a Term is applicable. Section 4.2.2 introduces the syntax that PUPPET uses in order to specify the extra-functional property the Term predicates about. In the end, Section 4.2.3 introduces the syntax that PUPPET uses in order to limit the scope of a Term only to some operations among all the ones that a Service exports.

²Respectively under Unix-like and Windows operating systems


```

1 <wsag:AgreementOffer xsi:schemaLocation="..." xmlns:wsag="...">
2 ...
3   <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="WarehouseGT"
4     wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
5     ...
6   </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
7 ...
8 </wsag:AgreementOffer>

1 <tns:TrueGTList xmlns:tns="..." xmlns:xsi="..." xsi:schemaLocation="...">
2 ...
3   <tns:GTItemName>WarehouseGT</tns:GTItemName>
4 ...
5 </tns:TrueGTList>

```

Table 1: Enabling the code generation in PUPPET

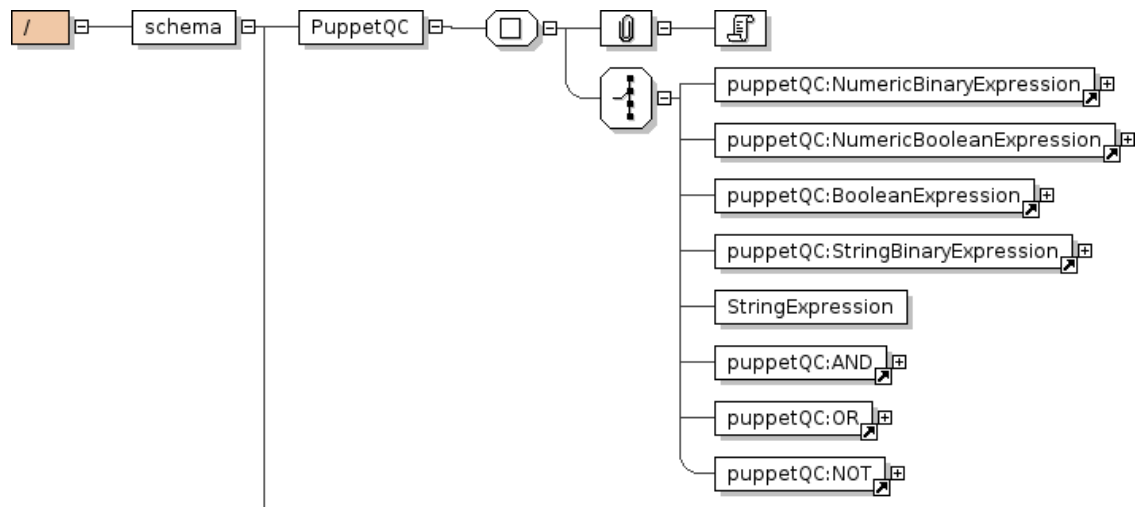


Figure 1: Expressions in the Qualifying Condition

4.2.1 Qualifying Conditions

In WS-Agreement the Qualifying Conditions of a Term may appear to express a precondition under which a Term holds [7]. In PUPPET, a Qualifying Condition can be formulated in terms of atomic expressions typed as Numeric, Boolean, or String (see Figure 1). The atomic expressions can be combined by means of the Boolean operators: AND (see 2), OR (see 3), and NOT (see 4).

Figure 5 depicts the elements that can be used in order to construct an atomic expressions. Also, for each operation type, it shows the operators supported in this release.

4.2.2 Service Level Objective

The specification of WS-Agreement defines the Service Level Objective (of type `xsd:anyType`), as the element expressing the condition that must be met to satisfy the guarantee Term [7].

This version of PUPPET handles constraints on the maximum admissible response time (i.e. service latency) and constraints on reliability (see Figure 6).

The latency elapsed by a service when invoked is defined specifying the maximum admissible response time and a probability function describing how the delays are distributed. In this version, it is possible to define delays that are normally distributed or that follow the Poisson's law.

The constraints on the reliability of a Service are defined in terms of the maximum number of failure (**ReliabilityPerc** in Figure 6) in a given window of time. Also in this case, this release offers to describe the distribution of the failures in the window either as normal or as Poisson's.

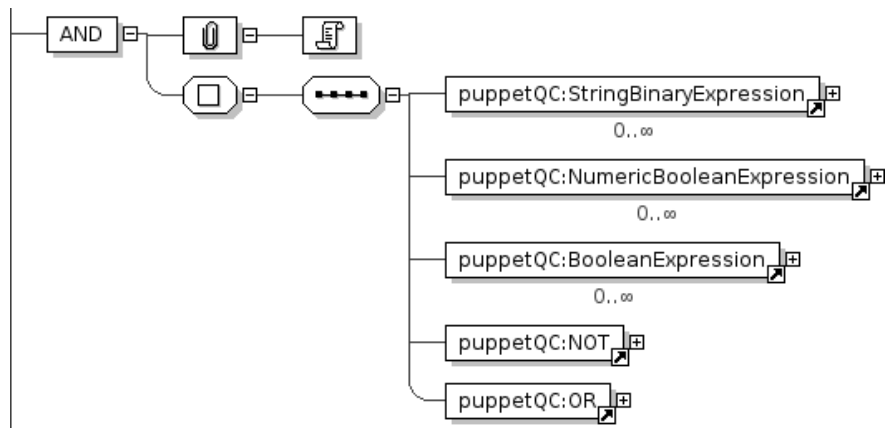


Figure 2: AND in the Qualifying Condition

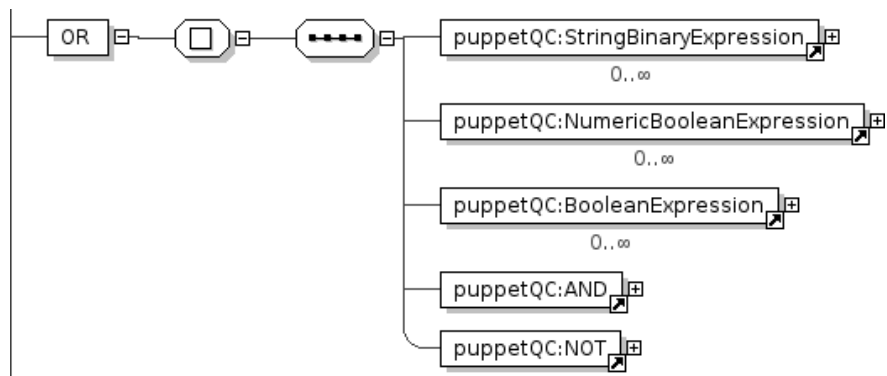


Figure 3: OR in the Qualifying Condition

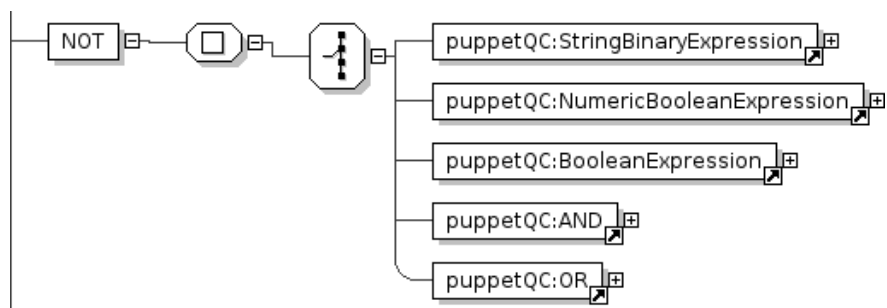


Figure 4: NOT in the Qualifying Condition

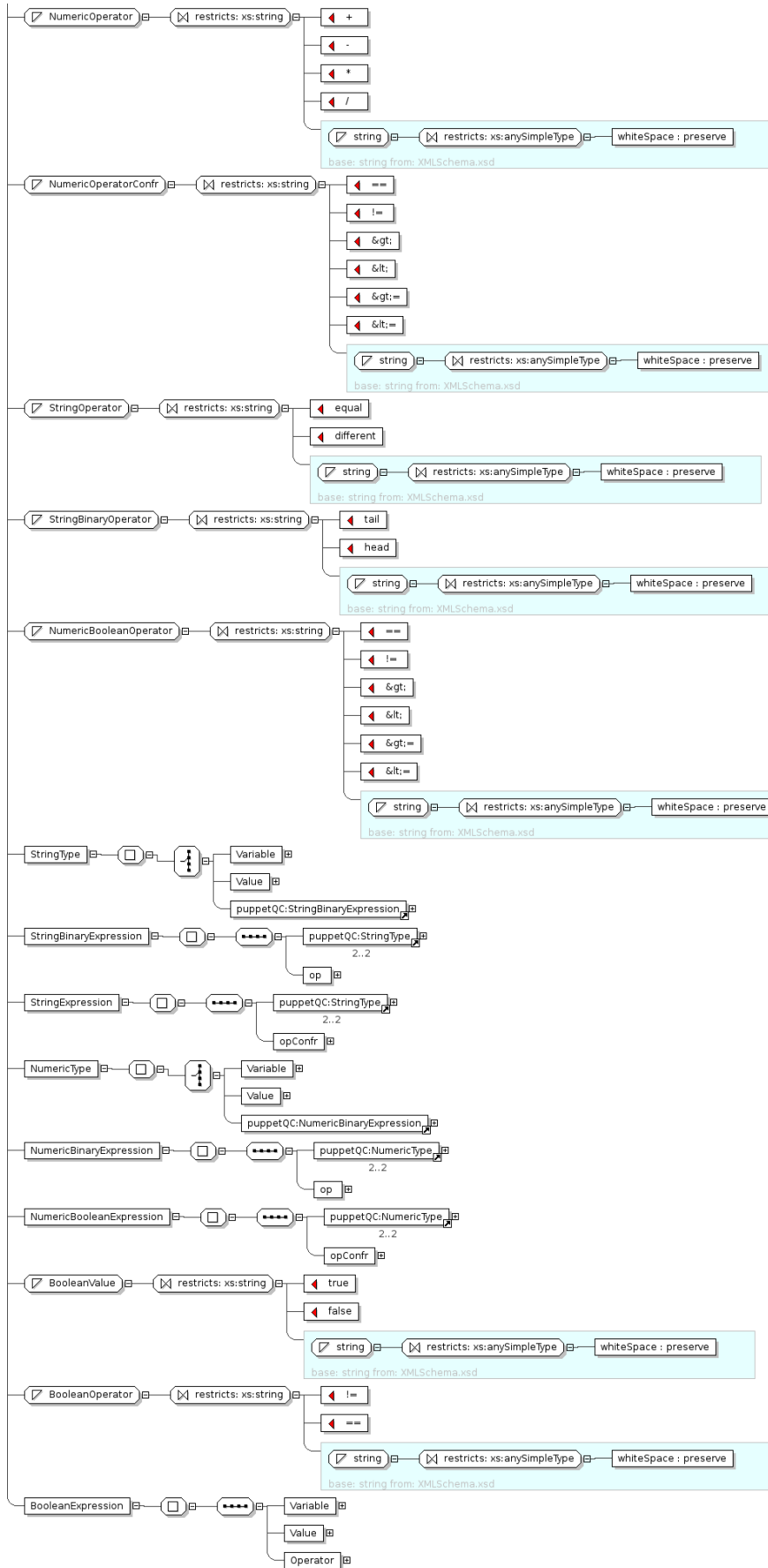


Figure 5: Operators in the Qualifying Condition

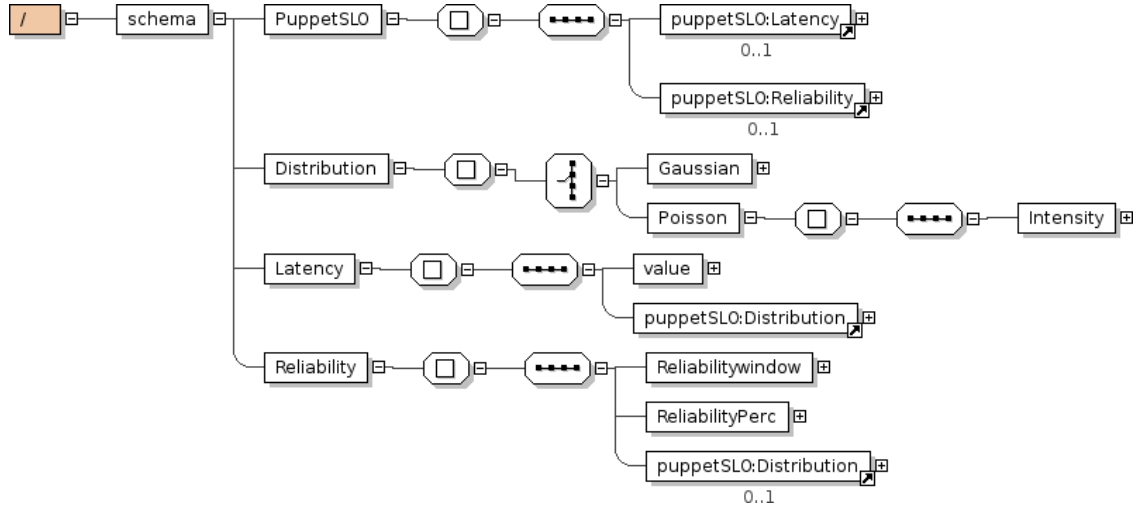


Figure 6: Extra-Functional Properties in the Service Level Objective

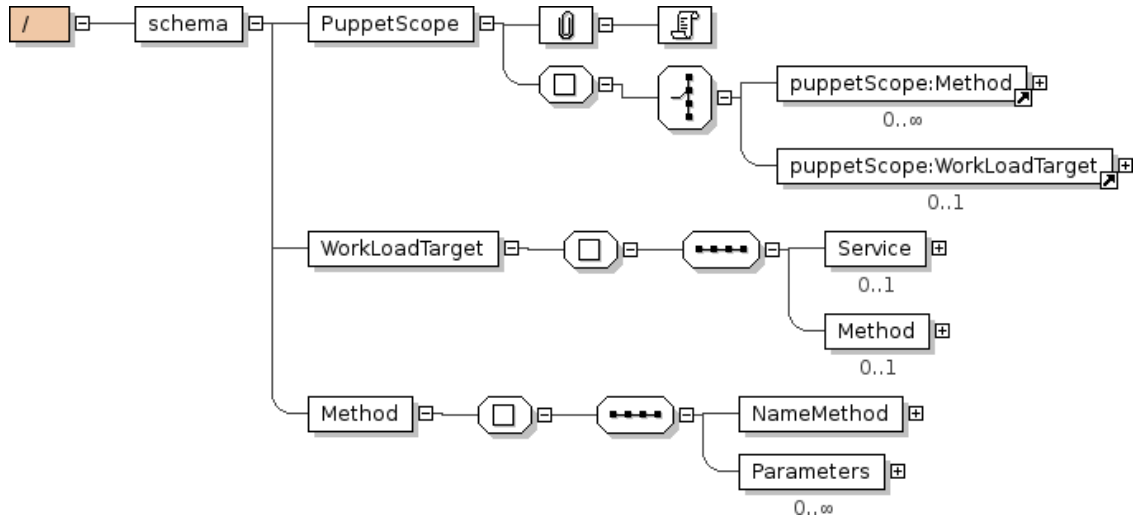


Figure 7: Defining the Scope of a Term

4.2.3 Scope

The scope of a Term describes to what service element specifically a term applies. For example, a term might only apply to one operation of a Web service at a particular end point. According to the specification of WS-Agreement [7], the scope of a Term contains a **ServiceName** attribute and any other XML structure describing a sub-structure of a service to which the scope applies.

In this version of PUPPET it is possible to define the list of the operations affected by a specific Term as depicted in Figure 7. If a Term does not specify any scope, PUPPET would generate the emulation of the extra-functional property in all the operation exported by the service the Term refers to.

4.3 Writing an Agreement

In PLASTIC there are two possible way to write out a WS-Agreement specification for PUPPET . The former is to write it directly according to the indications given in [3]. The latter is to exploit the PLASTIC's editor of SLA as explained in the following.

According to the PLASTIC conceptual model definition [6], SLAng is adopted as the reference SLA language in the project. This means that the specific implementations of the various environments should consider to manage at least QoS annotations expressed in SLAng.

SLAng [8] defines an abstract syntax for the agreement. Such syntax would be instantiated in several concrete syntax. Each concrete syntax refers to a given kind of specification. For example in [5] the SLAng concepts were expressed using the HUTN (Human-Usable Textual Notation) as a concrete syntax.

The concrete syntax of SLAng could also refer to other languages for SLA specification. In that sense, a WS-Agreement specification could be seen as a concrete instantiation of the SLAng's abstract syntax. Note that such association is valid under the assumption that the two specifications predicate on the same kind of concepts.

In deliverable D2.2, the consortium presents a tool support for SLAng. In particular, it is an Eclipse-based editor for SLAng, in the form of an Eclipse plugin. The joint work between WP2 and WP4 developed an extension to the SLAng editor including a syntactic translation engine that generates WS-Agreement specification. In this case, the domain specific parts we developed for the WS-Agreement container language describe the same concepts on which SLAng predicates with the same semantics defined in [5]. The output produced by the plugin extension of the SLAng editor could be used as input for PUPPET .

4.4 Functional Behavior with Jambition

The integrated work of the team developing on PUPPET and the team developing JAmbition (see Chapter 5.9) in WP4 included in PUPPET (version PuppetD4.3) the features to generate stubs exposing both the emulation of the extra-functional behavior, and the meaningful emulation of functional behavior.

As reported in Chapter 5.9, the functional behavior of a service in JAmbition is modeled using a state machine called *Service State Machine* (SSM).

Enabling the **ambitionMode** in the INI configuration as specified in Section 3.2, PUPPET would include in the generated stubs the code emulating the functional behavior.

Specifically, the **ambitionMode** flag enables the inclusion in the source code of the stub of facilities used for the emulation of the functional behavior in JAmbition. Listing 1 shows the definition of the Service State Machine (SSM) describing how to interact with the stub, the simulator used in order to generate meaningful functional values, and a private utility method.

```

10  /*
11  * The SSM object.
12  */
13  private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine aMbItIoNssm;
14
15  /*
16  * The simulator is generated
17  */
18  private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator aMbItIoNsim;
19
20  private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNfindSSMMessage(
21      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine ssm,
22      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind kind,
23      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation op)
24      throws Exception {
25      java.util.HashSet<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message> messages = ssm
26          .getMessages();
27      for (java.util.Iterator it = messages.iterator(); it.hasNext();) {
28          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message m = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message) it
29              .next();
30          if (m.getKind() != info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.UNOBSERVABLE) {
31              if ((m.getKind() == kind) && (m.getOperation().equals(op))) {
32                  return m;
33              }
34          }
35      }
36      throw new Exception(
37          "Cannot find the input SSM message belonging to the operation_"
38          + op.getName() + "!");
39  }

```

Listing 1: Attributes and Local operation included in the code

For each stub, the body of default constructor is generated including those line required in order to instantiate and to initialize both the simulator, and the SSM object. Please note that once the stub is generated, some parameters required by the simulator has to be manually set by the user. In particular in Listing 2:

- at line 49 set the URL of the WSDL the Web Service that is going to be emulated exports
- at line 53 set the name of the Web Service that is going to be emulated as reported on the WSDL

- at line 57 set the port of the Web Service that is going to be emulated as reported on the WSDL
- at line 61 set the URL of the file with the specification of the SSM
- at line 76 set the URL of the treeSolver that the simulator uses in order to generate meaningful functional values
- at line 77 set the port of the treeSolver that the simulator uses in order to generate meaningful functional values

```

42  /*
43   * To initialise the Simulator, the following items are needed:
44   */
45
46  /*
47   * The URL of the WSDL file
48   */
49  java.net.URL aMbItIoNWSdlUrl = new java.net.URL("Put_here_the_URL_of_the_Service's_WSDL");
50  /*
51   * The name of the WSDL-Service
52   */
53  String aMbItIoNservice = "Put_here_the_name_of_the_Service_as_in_the_WSDL";
54  /*
55   * The name of the WSDL-Port
56   */
57  String aMbItIoNport = "Put_here_the_port_of_the_Service_as_in_the_WSDL";
58  /*
59   * The URL of the SSM Schema Instance
60   */
61  java.net.URL aMbItIoNSSMUrl = new java.net.URL("Put_here_the_URL_of_the_SSM_Schema_Instance");
62
63  /*
64   * Now we can generate the SSM object. To do so, we use Zsolt's "Minerva" library
65   */
66  aMbItIoNssm = hu.soft4d.jessi.ssm.SSMHandler.generateSSM(
67      aMbItIoNWSdlUrl, aMbItIoNSSMUrl, aMbItIoNservice, aMbItIoNport);
68  /*
69   * Before we can use the SSM in the simulator, the parsers have to be attached
70   * to the switches
71   */
72  aMbItIoNssm.attachParsersToSwitches();
73  /*
74   * Next we generate the socket to the treeSolver.
75   */
76  String aMbItIoNsolverHost = "Put_here_the_URL_of_the_Solver";
77  int aMbItIoNsolverPort = "Put_here_the_Port_the_Solver";
78  java.net.Socket aMbItIoNsolverSocket = new java.net.Socket(
79      aMbItIoNsolverHost, aMbItIoNsolverPort);
80  /*
81   * The treeSolver sends a welcome message, we remove it from the stream
82   */
83  new java.io.BufferedReader(new java.io.InputStreamReader(
84      aMbItIoNsolverSocket.getInputStream()).readLine());
85  /*
86   * The simulator can use an external tool to display sequence diagrams
87   * of the messages exchanged. // I skip this here since this takes extra
88   * resources/
89   */
90
91  /*
92   * The simulator needs a logger to log to
93   */
94  java.util.logging.Logger aMbItIoNlogger = java.util.logging.Logger
95      .getLogger("");
96
97  /* The simulator is generated */
98
99  aMbItIoNsim = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator(
100      aMbItIoNssm, aMbItIoNsolverSocket, aMbItIoNlogger);
101
102  /*
103   * If Double variables are used we assume this models money
104   * (experimental). In any case, do this:
105   */
106  info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_PseudoPosDouble.postPointLength = 2;
107  /*
108   * Now the Simulator is ready.
109   * -----
110   */

```

Listing 2: Code Included Into the Default Class Constructor

For each operation exported by the Web Service, PUPPET include in the correspondent method body the code emulating the functional behavior. Listing 3 shows the code line instantiating the local variables used in order to interact with the simulator. Note that both the name and the type of the operation match with the parameters generated at line 279.

```

272 public void orderShipment(int ref, services.Address adr) throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
273     long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
274     try {
275         aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
276         /*
277          * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
278          */
279         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation("orderShipment", info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.
                ONEWAY);
280         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessage( aMbItIoNssm,
            info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT, aMbItIoNoperation);
281         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
282         java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNmessageType =
            aMbItIoNmessage.getType();
283         java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNnit = aMbItIoNmessageType.iterator();
284         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;

```

Listing 3: Local Variables Configuration

Listing 4 shows an example of the set of lines generated for each parameter that any operation.

```

286     /*
287     * Generated Parameter 0
288     */
289     aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNnit.next();
290     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance refInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
        ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstance(ref);
291     aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), refInstance);
292
293     /*
294     * Generated Parameter 1
295     */
296     aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNnit.next();
297     Object[] aMbItIoNparameterValues = new Object[2];
298     aMbItIoNparameterValues[0] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
        getFirstName());
299     aMbItIoNparameterValues[1] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
        getLastName());
300     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance adrInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
        ssmsimulator.types.ComplexTypeInstance(aMbItIoNparameterValues);
301     aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), adrInstance);

```

Listing 4: The Generation of the Operation's Parameters

In the end, the last code that Listing 5 shows are the lines concern the interrogation to the functional simulator. Note that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense, here the generated stub is able to do functional testing.

```

303     /*
304     * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
305     */
306     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNim = new info.frantzen.testing.
        ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage( aMbItIoNmessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
307
308     /*
309     * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note
310     * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
311     * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
312     * here we do testing.
313     */
314     aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNim);
315     } catch (Exception genericException) {
316         throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
317     }

```

Listing 5: The Generation of the Operation's Parameters

In case the operation has to return a meaningful value, an additional set of code lines is added to the body of the operation. Specifically, when the simulator knows the input, it is possible to query it for a correct response. As first we ask the simulator for all currently activated output transitions (line 158 at Listing 6). Out of all possible output switches, we randomly choose one and check if it has a solution. If yes, we take it. If not, we choose randomly the next one (lines 165-180 at Listing 6)).


```

153      /*
154       * Ok, the simulator knows the input. Now we need a functionally
155       * correct response to this call. We first ask the simulator for all
156       * currently activated output transitions.
157       */
158      java.util.ArrayList aMbItIoNoutputs = new java.util.ArrayList(aMbItIoNsim.getCurrentOutputSwitches());
159
160      /*
161       * Out of all possible output switches, we randomly choose one and
162       * check if it has a solution. If yes, we take it. If not, we choose
163       * randomly the next one.
164       */
165      boolean aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = true;
166      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNnextOutput = null;
167      java.util.Random aMbItIoNrandom = new java.util.Random();
168      while (!aMbItIoNoutputs.isEmpty() && aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound) {
169          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch aMbItIoNcandidate = (info.frantzen.testing.
170              ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch) aMbItIoNoutputs.get(aMbItIoNrandom.nextInt(aMbItIoNoutputs.size()));
171
172          /*
173           * try to find a solution, if yes, fine, if not, remove the
174           * candidate
175           */
176          aMbItIoNnextOutput = aMbItIoNsim.findSolution(aMbItIoNcandidate);
177          if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
178              aMbItIoNoutputs.remove(aMbItIoNcandidate);
179          else
180              aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = false;
181      }
182      if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
183          throw new Exception("Failure_in_SSM!_No_output_for_synchronous_input_specified!");
184      /*
185       * Ok, we have now a feasible and functionally correct output:
186       * nextOutput Before we send this output to the Service out there,
187       * we tell so to the simulator:
188       */
189      aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessageNoBackup(aMbItIoNnextOutput);
190
191      /*
192       * What is left to do, is to map this instantiated message back to a
193       * real return value.
194       */
195      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNreturnMessage = aMbItIoNnextOutput.getMessage();
196      ;
197      String aMbItIoNreturnVarName = ((info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable)
198          aMbItIoNreturnMessage.getType().iterator().next()).getName();
199      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNreturnValuation = aMbItIoNnextOutput.
200          getValuation();
201      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance aMbItIoNreturnInstance = aMbItIoNreturnValuation
202          .getSingleInstance(aMbItIoNreturnVarName);
203      String[] aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation = aMbItIoNreturnInstance.toString().split(",");
204      aMbItIoNreturnValue = new services.Quote((Double.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[0]).doubleValue()
205          ), aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[1], (Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[2]).intValue()), (
206          Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[3]).intValue()));
207
208      /*
209       * Now send the return value back to the calling service. That's it.
210       */

```

Listing 6: The Generation of the Meaningful Return Value

Once a feasible and functionally correct output is found, before to send it to the calling Service, the simulator has to store the output we choose (line 188 at Listing 6). Thus, what is left to do, is to map the output message back to a real return value (line 194-199 at Listing 6).

For the sake of completeness, in the appendix is reported the Java source code emulating a Warehouse Web Service (see the example in Chapter 5.9). The whole code of the stub was automatically generated by Puppet with the **ambitionMode** enabled.

4.5 Example

In this section, an example scenario on how to describe a WS-Agreement specification for the eHealth application domain. We remind that the WS Agreement file could also be automatically generated by means of the SlangMon editor provided by the Plastic Platform (see [5] for details).

4.5.1 Scenario Description

The scenario is structured as depicted in Figure 8. Five web services are involved in this example:

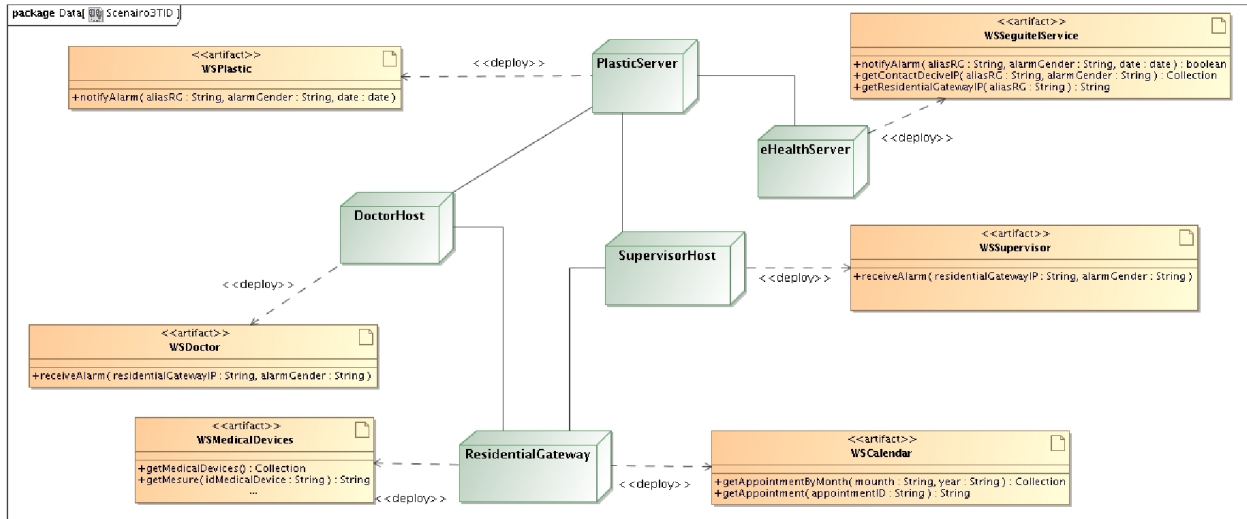


Figure 8: Scenario 3 Deployment Diagram

WSPlastic : Is the Web Service that interfaces the current eHealth system with the new Plastic environment. In this scenario description we only refers to one of the possible operations and feature that it exports. Specifically the operation **notifyAlarm** is aimed at both collect and process the alarm messages coming from the eHealth part of the application that runs on Plastic. It is invoked when an alarm is raised. It takes as input the name of the Residential Gateway where the alarm comes from, the gender of the alarm and the date when it was raised.

In the scenario, the WSPlastic represents the new service that have to be tested. Puppet here is used to automatically build that portion of the system that interact with the service under test (i.e. WSPlastic)

WSSeguiteService : This Web Service represents the current eHealth application. It exports the following operations: **notifyAlarm**, **getResidentialGatewayIP**, **getContactDeciveIP**. **notifyAlarm**, takes as input name of the Residential Gateway where the alarm comes from, the gender of the alarm and the date when it was raised. Both the other two exported operations take as input the logic name of a Residential Gateway. Thus **getResidentialGatewayIP** returns the IP address associated with the input label while **getContactDeciveIP** the list of IP addresses that should be contacted in case of alarm.

WSDoctor : It is a service deployed on the device that a doctor use to interface with the eHealth system. The hosting device could be either a usual wired device as a PC or a mobile and wireless device such as a smart phone. The Web Service exports the **receiveAlarm** operation. Such operation take as input both the IP address of the Residential Gateway where the alarm was raised and the gender of the alarm.

WSSupervisor : It is a service deployed on the device that a supervisor use to interface with the eHealth system. The supervisor of a patient is a person that could assist the patient for not critical situation. In those cases that are classified as not critical, some kind of alarm could be forwarded to the supervisor instead of the doctor.

As in the case of the doctor, also here the hosting device could be either a usual wired device as a PC or a mobile and wireless device such as a smart phone. The Web Service exports the **receiveAlarm** operation. Such operation take as input both the IP address of the Residential Gateway where the alarm was raised and the gender of the alarm.

WSMedicalDevice : Each Residential Gateway controls several hardware medical devices. Each medical device it is identified on the Residential Gateway by means of a unique identification code.

This Web Service interfaces the medical devices hosted by the Residential Gateway on the Plastic Network. It exports two operations. **getMedicalDevices** returns a collection of the controlled medical

devices. To control an eHealth parameter monitored by a medical device, the web service has to be invoked on the **getMeasure** operation providing the id code of the medical device as input.

WSCalendar : Each Residential Gateway holds the lists of the periodic appointments that a supervisor plans with the patient. This Web Service interfaces the Plastic Network to this feature exporting the methods : **getAppointmentByMonth**, and **getAppointment**. The former gives information on the appointments already scheduled in a given month of a year. The latter is used to create a new one.

In scenario, the Web Services described above are supposed to be deployed on different and distributed platforms. Specifically, **WSPlastic** is deployed on a **PlasticServer**, while the **WSSequitelService** is supposed to run on the **eHealthServer**. Nevertheless, in principle the two server could be also the same.

4.5.2 Actors Interactions in the Scenario

This section provide a brief description on how the Web Services described in Section 4.5.1 interact. Figure 9 reports a UML Sequence Diagram describing these interactions.

When a alarm is notified to the **WSPlastic**, as first step it forwards the event to the **WSSequitelService** invoking the **notifyAlarm** method. The Plastic Web Service also invokes the **getResidentialGatewayIP** obtaining the IP address of the Residential Gateway where the alarm where raised. Thus, it gets the list of the IP addresses that must be contacted invoking the **getContactDeciveIP** on **WSSequitelService**. The obtained list depends on the gender of the received alarm.

Due to the kind of contact list the **WSPlastic** starts to invokes the appropriate Web Service. The Web Services to invoke are supposed to be deployed and reachable by means of the address list. This phase it will continue until any confirmation of the handled alarm is obtained either by the doctor or the supervisor.

In the following, the case where the alarm gender is an emergency (i.e. "EMERGENCY"). The **WSPlastic** extracts an IP address from the address list. Then, it invokes the **receiveAlarm** on **WSDoctor** using the IP address as endpoint. If the target Web Service decide to accept the alarm handling the **WSPlastic** ends considering the problem solved. On the other hand, if **WSDoctor** does not accept to handle the notification or due to a QoS agreement violation (see Section 5.7), **WSPlastic** proceeds extracting the next endpoint of the target Web Service.

When the doctor agrees on handle the alarm, they contact the **WSMedicalDevices** deployed on the referred Residential Gateway. So far, the **WSDoctor** collects the list of the medical devices controlled by the Residential Gateway. The monitoring of the patient parameters is performed invoking the **getMeasure** method on those devices that are considered important for the clinical status.

In the following, the case where the alarm gender is not critical (i.e. "NOT CONFIRMATION"). The **WSPlastic** extracts an IP address from the address list. Then, it invokes the **receiveAlarm** on **WSSupervisor** using the IP address as endpoint. If the target Web Service decide to accept the alarm handling the **WSPlastic** ends considering the problem solved. On the other hand, if **WSSupervisor** does not accept to handle the notification or due to a QoS agreement violation (see Section 5.7), **WSPlastic** proceeds extracting the next endpoint of the target Web Service.

When the supervisor agrees on handle the alarm, they contact the **WSCalendar** deployed on the referred Residential Gateway. So far, the **WSSupervisor** queries the Residential Gateway to schedule an appointment with the patient.

4.5.3 QoS Properties Definition

As described in Section 4.5.1, the Web Services considered in this scenario could be deployed on different kind machines. In particular, both the **WSDoctor** and **WSSupervisor** could be deployed on a usual wired device as a PC or a mobile and wireless device such as a smart phone.

In those cases, the some QoS properties of the service could depend on where the service in actually deployed. On the one hand, if a the Web Service is deployed on a wireless node for example is not always given that is it possible to reach it. On the other hand, if a Web Service is deployed on a standard PC it operates at higher performances than one deployed on a smart phone.

Other cases are given when a method behaves differently depending on the parameters it receives. For example, the processing time of **getMeasure** on **WSMedicalDevice** directly depends on the kind of measurement that is performed and the medical device that is used.

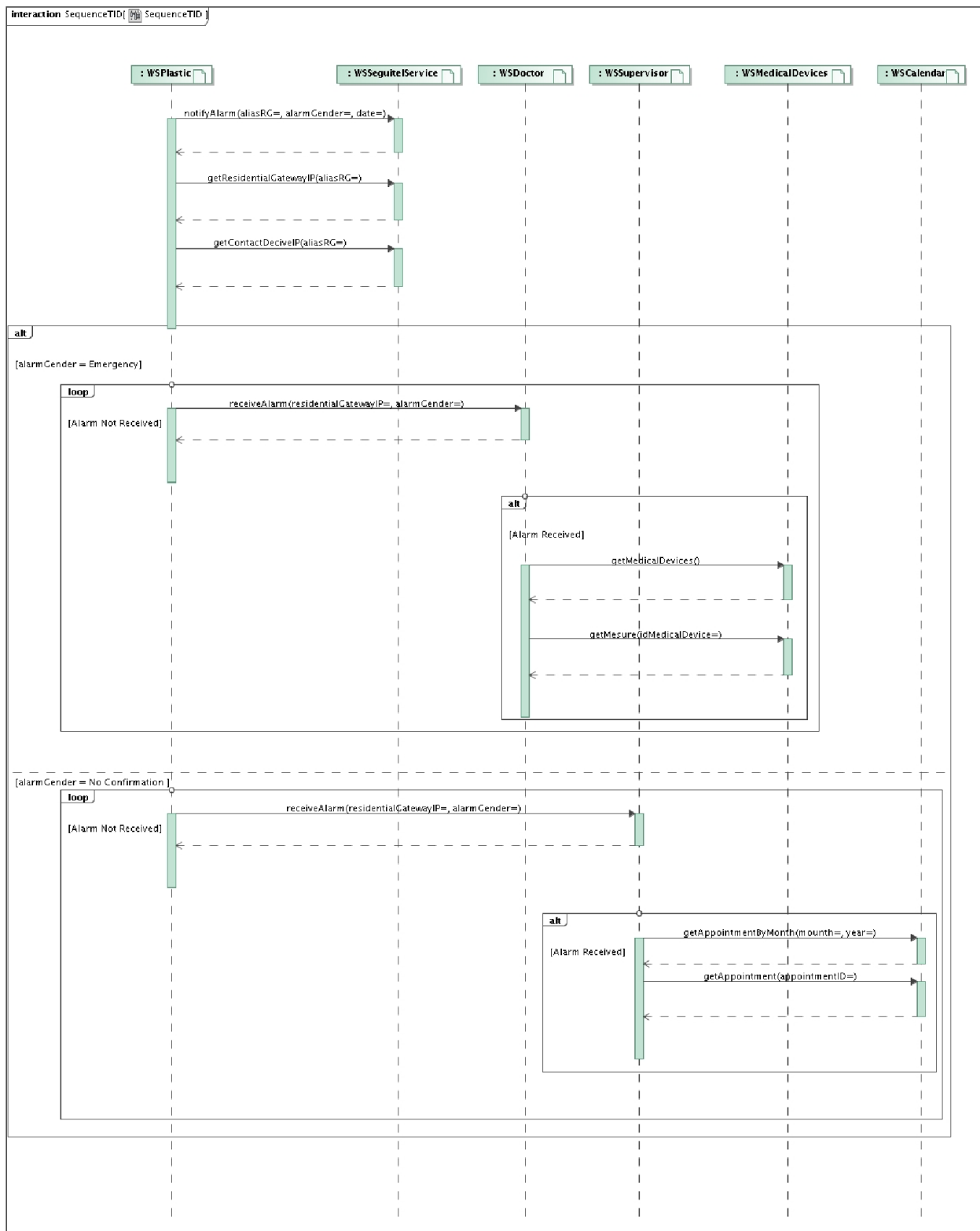


Figure 9: Scenario 3 Sequence Diagram

	Latency (msec)	Reliability	Conditions
WSSeguiteService:getContactDeciveIP	2000		alarmGender="Emergency"
WSSeguiteService:getContactDeciveIP	1000		alarmGender="No Confirmation"
WSDoctor:receiveAlarm	6000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 5 deployedOn="MobileNode"
WSDoctor:receiveAlarm	2000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 1 deployedOn="WiredServer"
WSSupervisor:receiveAlarm	10000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 5 deployedOn="MobileNode"
WSSupervisor:receiveAlarm	6000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 1 deployedOn="WiredServer"
WSMedicalDevice:getMeasure	3000		idMedicalDevice="device_1"
WSMedicalDevice:getMeasure	10000		idMedicalDevice="device_2"

Table 2: QoS Properties

The QoS levels admitted in the scenario here considered are formalized in an agreement. Table 2³ reports a short version of the extra functional properties that are supposed to be respected in the scenario. Time are given in milliseconds. In the appendix below, the listings reporting the complete version of the XML document expressing the agreement are reported.

5 Appendix

5.1 Abstract WSDL: WSDoctor

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" xmlns:apache="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" xmlns:intf="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
4 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
5
6 <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmRequest">
7
8 <wsdl:part name="residencialGatewayIP" type="soapenc:string"/>
9
10 <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
11
12 </wsdl:message>
13
14 <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmResponse">
15
16 </wsdl:message>
17
18 <wsdl:portType name="WSDoctor">
19
20 <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm" parameterOrder="residencialGatewayIP_alarmGender">
21
22 <wsdl:input message="impl:receiveAlarmRequest" name="receiveAlarmRequest"/>
23
24 <wsdl:output message="impl:receiveAlarmResponse" name="receiveAlarmResponse"/>
25
26 </wsdl:operation>
27
28 </wsdl:portType>
29
30 <wsdl:binding name="WSDoctorSoapBinding" type="impl:WSDoctor">
31
32 <wsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
33
34 <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm">
35
36 <wsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
37
38 <wsdl:input name="receiveAlarmRequest">
39
40 <wsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario" use="encoded"/>
41
42 </wsdl:input>

```

³The values in this table has to be considered just as an example.


```

43     <wsdl:output name="receiveAlarmResponse">
44
45         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
46             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" use="encoded"/>
47
48     </wsdl:output>
49
50 </wsdl:operation>
51
52 </wsdl:binding>
53
54 <wsdl:service name="WSDoctorService">
55
56     <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSDoctorSoapBinding" name="WSDoctor">
57
58         <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor"/>
59
60     </wsdl:port>
61
62 </wsdl:service>
63
64 </wsdl:definitions>

```

5.2 Abstract WSDL: WSCalendar

```

1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2  <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns:apachesoap="http://xml
3      .apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns:intf="http://
4      localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
5      xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
6      xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
7      <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
8      Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
9      <wsdl:types>
10         <schema targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/
11             XMLSchema">
12             <import namespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap"/>
13             <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" />
14             <complexType name="ArrayOf_xsd_anyType">
15                 <complexContent>
16                     <restriction base="soapenc:Array">
17                         <attribute ref="soapenc:arrayType" wsdl:arrayType="xsd:anyType[]" />
18                     </restriction>
19                 </complexContent>
20             </complexType>
21         </schema>
22         <schema targetNamespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
23             <import namespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar"/>
24             <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" />
25             <complexType name="Vector">
26                 <sequence>
27                     <element maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" name="item" type="xsd:anyType"/>
28                 </sequence>
29             </complexType>
30         </schema>
31     </wsdl:types>
32
33     <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentByMonthRequest">
34
35         <wsdl:part name="month" type="soapenc:string"/>
36
37         <wsdl:part name="year" type="soapenc:string"/>
38
39     </wsdl:message>
40
41     <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentRequest">
42
43         <wsdl:part name="apointmentID" type="soapenc:string"/>
44
45     </wsdl:message>
46
47     <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentByMonthResponse">
48
49         <wsdl:part name="getAppointmentByMonthReturn" type="impl:ArrayOf_xsd_anyType"/>
50
51     </wsdl:message>
52
53     <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentResponse">
54
55         <wsdl:part name="getAppointmentReturn" type="soapenc:string"/>
56
57     </wsdl:message>

```



```

53 <wsdl:portType name="WSCalendar">
54
55   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointmentByMonth" parameterOrder="month_year">
56
57     <wsdl:input message="impl:getAppointmentByMonthRequest" name="getAppointmentByMonthRequest"/>
58
59     <wsdl:output message="impl:getAppointmentByMonthResponse" name="getAppointmentByMonthResponse"/>
60
61   </wsdl:operation>
62
63   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointment" parameterOrder="appointmentID">
64
65     <wsdl:input message="impl:getAppointmentRequest" name="getAppointmentRequest"/>
66
67     <wsdl:output message="impl:getAppointmentResponse" name="getAppointmentResponse"/>
68
69   </wsdl:operation>
70
71 </wsdl:portType>
72
73 <wsdl:binding name="WSCalendarSoapBinding" type="impl:WSCalendar">
74
75   <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
76
77   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointmentByMonth">
78
79     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
80
81     <wsdl:input name="getAppointmentByMonthRequest">
82
83       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
84         use="encoded"/>
85
86     </wsdl:input>
87
88     <wsdl:output name="getAppointmentByMonthResponse">
89
90       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
91         localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" use="encoded"/>
92
93     </wsdl:output>
94
95   </wsdl:operation>
96
97   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointment">
98
99     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
100
101     <wsdl:input name="getAppointmentRequest">
102
103       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
104         use="encoded"/>
105
106     </wsdl:input>
107
108     <wsdl:output name="getAppointmentResponse">
109
110       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
111         localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" use="encoded"/>
112
113     </wsdl:output>
114
115   </wsdl:operation>
116
117 </wsdl:binding>
118
119 <wsdl:service name="WSCalendarService">
120
121   <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSCalendarSoapBinding" name="WSCalendar">
122
123     <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar"/>
124
125   </wsdl:port>
126 </wsdl:service>
</wsdl:definitions>

```

5.3 Abstract WSDL: WSSupervisor

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

```



```

2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" xmlns:apachesoap="http://
  xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" xmlns:intf="http://
  localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
  xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
4 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
5
6 <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmResponse">
7
8 </wsdl:message>
9
10 <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmRequest">
11
12 <wsdl:part name="residencialGatewayIP" type="soapenc:string"/>
13
14 <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
15
16 </wsdl:message>
17
18 <wsdl:portType name="WSSupervisor">
19
20 <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm" parameterOrder="residencialGatewayIP_alarmGender">
21
22 <wsdl:input message="impl:receiveAlarmRequest" name="receiveAlarmRequest"/>
23
24 <wsdl:output message="impl:receiveAlarmResponse" name="receiveAlarmResponse"/>
25
26 </wsdl:operation>
27
28 </wsdl:portType>
29
30 <wsdl:binding name="WSSupervisorSoapBinding" type="impl:WSSupervisor">
31
32 <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
33
34 <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm">
35
36 <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
37
38 <wsdl:input name="receiveAlarmRequest">
39
40 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
  use="encoded"/>
41
42 </wsdl:input>
43
44 <wsdl:output name="receiveAlarmResponse">
45
46 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
  localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" use="encoded"/>
47
48 </wsdl:output>
49
50 </wsdl:operation>
51
52 </wsdl:binding>
53
54 <wsdl:service name="WSSupervisorService">
55
56 <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSSupervisorSoapBinding" name="WSSupervisor">
57
58 <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor"/>
59
60 </wsdl:port>
61
62 </wsdl:service>
63
64 </wsdl:definitions>

```

5.4 Abstract WSDL: WSPlastic

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" xmlns:apachesoap="http://xml.
  apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" xmlns:intf="http://
  localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
  xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
4 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
5
6 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmRequest">
7

```



```

8      <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
9
10     <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
11
12     <wsdl:part name="date" type="xsd:dateTime"/>
13
14 </wsdl:message>
15
16 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmResponse">
17
18 </wsdl:message>
19
20 <wsdl:portType name="WSPlastic">
21
22     <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm" parameterOrder="aliasRG_alarmGender_date">
23
24         <wsdl:input message="impl:notifyAlarmRequest" name="notifyAlarmRequest"/>
25
26         <wsdl:output message="impl:notifyAlarmResponse" name="notifyAlarmResponse"/>
27
28     </wsdl:operation>
29
30 </wsdl:portType>
31
32 <wsdl:binding name="WSPlasticSoapBinding" type="impl:WSPlastic">
33
34     <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
35
36     <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm">
37
38         <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
39
40         <wsdl:input name="notifyAlarmRequest">
41
42             <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
43                 use="encoded"/>
44
45         </wsdl:input>
46
47         <wsdl:output name="notifyAlarmResponse">
48
49             <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
50                 localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" use="encoded"/>
51
52         </wsdl:output>
53
54     </wsdl:operation>
55
56 </wsdl:binding>
57
58 <wsdl:service name="WSPlasticService">
59
60     <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSPlasticSoapBinding" name="WSPlastic">
61
62         <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic"/>
63
64     </wsdl:port>
65
66 </wsdl:service>
67
68 </wsdl:definitions>

```

5.5 Abstract WSDL: WSSeguitelService

```

1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2  <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService" xmlns:apache="
3      http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService"
4      xmlns:intf="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService" xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.
5      org/soap/encoding/" xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.
6      org/wsdl/soap/" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
7      <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
8      Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
9      <wsdl:types>
10         <schema targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/
11             XMLSchema">
12             <import namespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap"/>
13             <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" />
14             <complexType name="ArrayOf_xsd_anyType">
15                 <complexContent>
16                     <restriction base="soapenc:Array">
17                         <attribute ref="soapenc:arrayType" wsdl:arrayType="xsd:anyType[]" />
18                     </restriction>
19                 </complexContent>
20             </complexType>

```



```

15 </complexType>
16 </schema>
17 <schema targetNamespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
18 <import namespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguiterService"/>
19 <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" />
20 <complexType name="Vector">
21 <sequence>
22 <element maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" name="item" type="xsd:anyType"/>
23 </sequence>
24 </complexType>
25 </schema>
26 </wsdl:types>
27
28 <wsdl:message name="getResidencialGatewayIPResponse">
29
30 <wsdl:part name="getResidencialGatewayIPReturn" type="soapenc:string"/>
31
32 </wsdl:message>
33
34 <wsdl:message name="getResidencialGatewayIPRequest">
35
36 <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
37
38 </wsdl:message>
39
40 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmRequest">
41
42 <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
43
44 <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
45
46 <wsdl:part name="date" type="xsd:dateTime"/>
47
48 </wsdl:message>
49
50 <wsdl:message name="getConnectedDeviceIPRequest">
51
52 <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
53
54 <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
55
56 </wsdl:message>
57
58 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmResponse">
59
60 <wsdl:part name="notifyAlarmReturn" type="xsd:boolean"/>
61
62 </wsdl:message>
63
64 <wsdl:message name="getConnectedDeviceIPResponse">
65
66 <wsdl:part name="getConnectedDeviceIPReturn" type="impl:ArrayOf_xsd_anyType"/>
67
68 </wsdl:message>
69
70 <wsdl:portType name="WSSeguiterService">
71
72 <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm" parameterOrder="aliasRG_alarmGender_date">
73
74 <wsdl:input message="impl:notifyAlarmRequest" name="notifyAlarmRequest"/>
75
76 <wsdl:output message="impl:notifyAlarmResponse" name="notifyAlarmResponse"/>
77
78 </wsdl:operation>
79
80 <wsdl:operation name="getConnectedDeviceIP" parameterOrder="aliasRG_alarmGender">
81
82 <wsdl:input message="impl:getConnectedDeviceIPRequest" name="getConnectedDeviceIPRequest"/>
83
84 <wsdl:output message="impl:getConnectedDeviceIPResponse" name="getConnectedDeviceIPResponse"/>
85
86 </wsdl:operation>
87
88 <wsdl:operation name="getResidencialGatewayIP" parameterOrder="aliasRG">
89
90 <wsdl:input message="impl:getResidencialGatewayIPRequest" name="getResidencialGatewayIPRequest"/>
91
92 <wsdl:output message="impl:getResidencialGatewayIPResponse" name="getResidencialGatewayIPResponse"/>
93
94 </wsdl:operation>
95
96 </wsdl:portType>
97
98 <wsdl:binding name="WSSeguiterServiceSoapBinding" type="impl:WSSeguiterService">

```



```

99
100 <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
101
102 <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm">
103
104     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
105
106     <wsdl:input name="notifyAlarmRequest">
107
108         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
109             use="encoded"/>
110
111     </wsdl:input>
112
113     <wsdl:output name="notifyAlarmResponse">
114
115         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
116             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguiteService" use="encoded"/>
117
118     </wsdl:output>
119 </wsdl:operation>
120
121 <wsdl:operation name="getConnectedDeviceIP">
122
123     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
124
125     <wsdl:input name="getConnectedDeviceIPRequest">
126
127         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
128             use="encoded"/>
129
130     </wsdl:input>
131
132     <wsdl:output name="getConnectedDeviceIPResponse">
133
134         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
135             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguiteService" use="encoded"/>
136
137     </wsdl:output>
138 </wsdl:operation>
139
140 <wsdl:operation name="getResidencialGatewayIP">
141
142     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
143
144     <wsdl:input name="getResidencialGatewayIPRequest">
145
146         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
147             use="encoded"/>
148
149     </wsdl:input>
150
151     <wsdl:output name="getResidencialGatewayIPResponse">
152
153         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
154             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguiteService" use="encoded"/>
155
156     </wsdl:output>
157 </wsdl:operation>
158
159 </wsdl:binding>
160
161 <wsdl:service name="WSSeguiteService">
162
163     <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSSeguiteServiceSoapBinding" name="WSSeguiteService">
164
165         <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguiteService"/>
166
167     </wsdl:port>
168 </wsdl:service>
169
170 </wsdl:definitions>

```

5.6 Abstract WSDL: WSMedicalDevice

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns:apachesoap="http://
    //xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns:intf="
    http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/

```



```

    encoding/" xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/
    soap/" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
4 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
5 <wsdl:types>
6   <schema targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/
    XMLSchema">
7     <import namespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap"/>
8     <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" />
9     <complexType name="ArrayOf_xsd_anyType">
10      <complexContent>
11        <restriction base="soapenc:Array">
12          <attribute ref="soapenc:arrayType" wsdl:arrayType="xsd:anyType[]" />
13        </restriction>
14      </complexContent>
15    </complexType>
16  </schema>
17  <schema targetNamespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
18    <import namespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice"/>
19    <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" />
20    <complexType name="Vector">
21      <sequence>
22        <element maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" name="item" type="xsd:anyType"/>
23      </sequence>
24    </complexType>
25  </schema>
26 </wsdl:types>
27
28   <wsdl:message name="getMedicalDevicesRequest">
29
30   </wsdl:message>
31
32   <wsdl:message name="getMedicalDevicesResponse">
33
34     <wsdl:part name="getMedicalDevicesReturn" type="impl:ArrayOf_xsd_anyType"/>
35
36   </wsdl:message>
37
38   <wsdl:message name="getMeasureRequest">
39
40     <wsdl:part name="idMedicalDevice" type="soapenc:string"/>
41
42   </wsdl:message>
43
44   <wsdl:message name="getMeasureResponse">
45
46     <wsdl:part name="getMeasureReturn" type="soapenc:string"/>
47
48   </wsdl:message>
49
50   <wsdl:portType name="WSMedicalDevice">
51
52     <wsdl:operation name="getMedicalDevices">
53
54       <wsdl:input message="impl:getMedicalDevicesRequest" name="getMedicalDevicesRequest"/>
55
56       <wsdl:output message="impl:getMedicalDevicesResponse" name="getMedicalDevicesResponse"/>
57
58     </wsdl:operation>
59
60     <wsdl:operation name="getMeasure" parameterOrder="idMedicalDevice">
61
62       <wsdl:input message="impl:getMeasureRequest" name="getMeasureRequest"/>
63
64       <wsdl:output message="impl:getMeasureResponse" name="getMeasureResponse"/>
65
66     </wsdl:operation>
67
68   </wsdl:portType>
69
70   <wsdl:binding name="WSMedicalDeviceSoapBinding" type="impl:WSMedicalDevice">
71
72     <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
73
74     <wsdl:operation name="getMedicalDevices">
75
76       <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
77
78       <wsdl:input name="getMedicalDevicesRequest">
79
80         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
            use="encoded"/>
81
82       </wsdl:input>

```



```

83
84     <wsdl:output name="getMedicalDevicesResponse">
85
86         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
87             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" use="encoded"/>
88     </wsdl:output>
89
90 </wsdl:operation>
91
92 <wsdl:operation name="getMeasure">
93
94     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
95
96     <wsdl:input name="getMeasureRequest">
97
98         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
99             use="encoded"/>
100     </wsdl:input>
101
102     <wsdl:output name="getMeasureResponse">
103
104         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
105             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" use="encoded"/>
106     </wsdl:output>
107
108 </wsdl:operation>
109
110 </wsdl:binding>
111
112 <wsdl:service name="WSMedicalDeviceService">
113
114     <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSMedicalDeviceSoapBinding" name="WSMedicalDevice">
115
116         <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice"/>
117     </wsdl:port>
118
119 </wsdl:service>
120
121 </wsdl:definitions>
122

```

5.7 WS Agreement

```

1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2  <wsag:AgreementOffer xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.ggf.org/namespaces/ws-agreement "
3      xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4      xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
5      xmlns:wsag="http://schemas.ggf.org/graap/2005/09/ws-agreement"
6      xmlns:puppetScope="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppetScope"
7      xmlns:puppetSLO="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppetSLO"
8      xmlns:puppetQC="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppetQC"
9      xmlns:ns="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppet">
10  <wsag:Name>Telefonica_Example_Scenario_3</wsag:Name>
11
12  <wsag:Context />
13
14  <wsag:Terms>
15      <wsag:All>
16          <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="ContactDeciveIP-Term1"
17              wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
18              <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSeguitelService">
19                  <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
20                      <puppetScope:Method>
21                          <!--
22                          <NameMethod>getContactDeciveIP</NameMethod> -->
23                          <NameMethod>getConnectedDeviceIP</NameMethod>
24                      </puppetScope:Method>
25                  </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
26              </wsag:ServiceScope>
27
28              <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
29                  <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
30                      <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
31                          <puppetQC:StringType>
32                              <Variable>alarmGender</Variable>
33                          </puppetQC:StringType>
34
35                          <op>equal</op>
36
37                          <puppetQC:StringType>
38                              <Value>Emergency</Value>

```



```

38         </puppetQC:StringType>
39     </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
40 </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
41 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
42
43 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
44     <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
45         <puppetSLO:Latency>
46             <value>2000</value>
47
48             <puppetSLO:Distribution>
49                 <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
50             </puppetSLO:Distribution>
51         </puppetSLO:Latency>
52     </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
53 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
54
55 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
56     <wsag:Penalty>
57         <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
58             <wsag:Count />
59         </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
60
61         <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
62     </wsag:Penalty>
63 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
64 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
65 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="ContactDeciveIP-Term2"
66     wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
67     <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSequitelService">
68         <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
69             <puppetScope:Method>
70 <!--         <NameMethod>getContactDeciveIP</NameMethod> -->
71             <NameMethod>getConnectedDeviceIP</NameMethod>
72         </puppetScope:Method>
73     </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
74 </wsag:ServiceScope>
75
76 <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
77     <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
78         <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
79             <puppetQC:StringType>
80                 <Variable>alarmGender</Variable>
81             </puppetQC:StringType>
82
83             <op>equal</op>
84
85             <puppetQC:StringType>
86                 <Value>No Confirmation</Value>
87             </puppetQC:StringType>
88         </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
89     </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
90 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
91
92 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
93     <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
94         <puppetSLO:Latency>
95             <value>1000</value>
96
97             <puppetSLO:Distribution>
98                 <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
99             </puppetSLO:Distribution>
100         </puppetSLO:Latency>
101     </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
102 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
103
104 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
105     <wsag:Penalty>
106         <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
107             <wsag:Count />
108         </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
109
110         <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
111     </wsag:Penalty>
112 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
113 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
114 <wsag:ExactlyOne>
115     <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmDoctor-Term1"
116         wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
117     <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSDoctor">
118         <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
119             <puppetScope:Method>
120                 <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>
121             </puppetScope:Method>

```



```

122     </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
123 </wsag:ServiceScope>
124
125 <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
126   <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
127     <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
128       <puppetQC:StringType>
129         <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
130       </puppetQC:StringType>
131
132       <op>equal</op>
133
134       <puppetQC:StringType>
135         <Value>MobileNode</Value>
136       </puppetQC:StringType>
137     </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
138   </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
139 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
140
141 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
142   <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
143     <puppetSLO:Latency>
144       <value>6000</value>
145       <puppetSLO:Distribution>
146         <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
147       </puppetSLO:Distribution>
148     </puppetSLO:Latency>
149     <puppetSLO:Reliability>
150       <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
151       <ReliabilityPerc>5</ReliabilityPerc>
152       <puppetSLO:Distribution>
153         <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
154       </puppetSLO:Distribution>
155     </puppetSLO:Reliability>
156   </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
157 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
158
159 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
160   <wsag:Penalty>
161     <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
162       <wsag:Count />
163     </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
164
165     <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
166   </wsag:Penalty>
167 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
168 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
169 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmDoctor-Term2"
170 wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
171   <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSDoctor">
172     <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
173       <puppetScope:Method>
174         <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>
175       </puppetScope:Method>
176     </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
177   </wsag:ServiceScope>
178
179   <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
180     <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
181       <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
182         <puppetQC:StringType>
183           <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
184         </puppetQC:StringType>
185
186         <op>equal</op>
187
188         <puppetQC:StringType>
189           <Value>WiredServer</Value>
190         </puppetQC:StringType>
191       </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
192     </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
193   </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
194
195   <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
196     <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
197       <puppetSLO:Latency>
198         <value>2000</value>
199         <puppetSLO:Distribution>
200           <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
201         </puppetSLO:Distribution>
202       </puppetSLO:Latency>
203       <puppetSLO:Reliability>
204         <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
205

```



```

206         <ReliabilityPerc>1</ReliabilityPerc>
207
208         <puppetSLO:Distribution>
209             <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
210         </puppetSLO:Distribution>
211     </puppetSLO:Reliability>
212 </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
213 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
214
215 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
216     <wsag:Penalty>
217         <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
218             <wsag:Count />
219         </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
220
221         <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
222     </wsag:Penalty>
223 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
224 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
225 </wsag:ExactlyOne>
226 <wsag:ExactlyOne>
227     <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmSupervisor-Term1"
228         wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
229         <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSupervisor">
230             <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
231                 <puppetScope:Method>
232                     <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>
233                 </puppetScope:Method>
234             </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
235         </wsag:ServiceScope>
236
237         <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
238             <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
239                 <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
240                     <puppetQC:StringType>
241                         <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
242                     </puppetQC:StringType>
243
244                     <op>equal</op>
245
246                     <puppetQC:StringType>
247                         <Value>MobileNode</Value>
248                     </puppetQC:StringType>
249                 </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
250             </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
251         </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
252
253         <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
254             <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
255                 <puppetSLO:Latency>
256                     <value>10000</value>
257
258                     <puppetSLO:Distribution>
259                         <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
260                     </puppetSLO:Distribution>
261                 </puppetSLO:Latency>
262                 <puppetSLO:Reliability>
263                     <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
264
265                     <ReliabilityPerc>5</ReliabilityPerc>
266
267                     <puppetSLO:Distribution>
268                         <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
269                     </puppetSLO:Distribution>
270                 </puppetSLO:Reliability>
271             </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
272         </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
273
274         <wsag:BusinessValueList>
275             <wsag:Penalty>
276                 <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
277                     <wsag:Count />
278                 </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
279
280                 <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
281             </wsag:Penalty>
282         </wsag:BusinessValueList>
283 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
284 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmSupervisor-Term2"
285     wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
286     <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSupervisor">
287         <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
288             <puppetScope:Method>
289                 <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>

```



```

290     </puppetScope:Method>
291   </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
292 </wsag:ServiceScope>
293
294 <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
295   <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
296     <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
297       <puppetQC:StringType>
298         <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
299       </puppetQC:StringType>
300
301       <op>equal</op>
302
303       <puppetQC:StringType>
304         <Value>WiredServer</Value>
305       </puppetQC:StringType>
306     </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
307   </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
308 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
309
310 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
311   <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
312     <puppetSLO:Latency>
313       <value>6000</value>
314
315       <puppetSLO:Distribution>
316         <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
317       </puppetSLO:Distribution>
318     </puppetSLO:Latency>
319     <puppetSLO:Reliability>
320       <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
321
322       <ReliabilityPerc>1</ReliabilityPerc>
323
324       <puppetSLO:Distribution>
325         <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
326       </puppetSLO:Distribution>
327     </puppetSLO:Reliability>
328   </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
329 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
330
331 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
332   <wsag:Penalty>
333     <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
334       <wsag:Count />
335     </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
336
337     <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
338   </wsag:Penalty>
339 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
340 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
341 </wsag:ExactlyOne>
342 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="MedicalDevice-Term1"
343   wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
344   <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSMedicalDevice">
345     <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
346       <puppetScope:Method>
347         <NameMethod>getMeasure</NameMethod>
348       </puppetScope:Method>
349     </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
350   </wsag:ServiceScope>
351
352   <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
353     <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
354       <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
355         <puppetQC:StringType>
356           <Variable>idMedicalDevice</Variable>
357         </puppetQC:StringType>
358
359         <op>equal</op>
360
361         <puppetQC:StringType>
362           <Value>device_1</Value>
363         </puppetQC:StringType>
364       </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
365     </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
366   </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
367
368   <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
369     <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
370       <puppetSLO:Latency>
371         <value>3000</value>
372
373       <puppetSLO:Distribution>

```



```

374         <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
375     </puppetSLO:Distribution>
376 </puppetSLO:Latency>
377 </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
378 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
379
380 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
381     <wsag:Penalty>
382         <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
383             <wsag:Count />
384         </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
385
386         <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
387     </wsag:Penalty>
388 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
389 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
390 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="MedicalDevice-Term2"
391     wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
392     <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSMedicalDevice">
393         <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
394             <puppetScope:Method>
395                 <NameMethod>getMeasure</NameMethod>
396             </puppetScope:Method>
397         </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
398     </wsag:ServiceScope>
399
400     <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
401         <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
402             <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
403                 <puppetQC:StringType>
404                     <Variable>idMedicalDevice</Variable>
405                 </puppetQC:StringType>
406
407                 <op>equal</op>
408
409                 <puppetQC:StringType>
410                     <Value>device_2</Value>
411                 </puppetQC:StringType>
412             </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
413         </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
414     </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
415
416     <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
417         <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
418             <puppetSLO:Latency>
419                 <value>10000</value>
420
421                 <puppetSLO:Distribution>
422                     <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
423                 </puppetSLO:Distribution>
424             </puppetSLO:Latency>
425         </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
426     </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
427
428     <wsag:BusinessValueList>
429         <wsag:Penalty>
430             <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
431                 <wsag:Count />
432             </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
433
434             <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
435         </wsag:Penalty>
436     </wsag:BusinessValueList>
437 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
438
439 </wsag:All>
440 </wsag:Terms>
441 </wsag:AgreementOffer>

```

5.8 Warehouse

In the following we report the Java source code emulating a Warehouse Web Service. The whole code of the stub was automatically generated by Puppet with the **ambitionMode** enabled. The specification of the warehouse we used in this example is the one given in Chapter 5.9.

```

1 package services;
2
3 import java.math.BigInteger;
4 import java.util.ArrayList;
5 import java.util.Iterator;
6
7 import density.Density;
8

```



```

9 public class WarehousePortBindingImpl {
10     /*
11      * The SSM object.
12      */
13     private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine aMbItIoNssm;
14
15     /*
16      * The simulator is generated
17      */
18     private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator aMbItIoNsim;
19
20     private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNfindSSMMessage(
21         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine ssm,
22         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind kind,
23         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation op)
24     throws Exception {
25         java.util.HashSet<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message> messages = ssm
26             .getMessages();
27         for (java.util.Iterator it = messages.iterator(); it.hasNext();) {
28             info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message m = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message) it
29                 .next();
30             if (m.getKind() != info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.UNOBSERVABLE) {
31                 if ((m.getKind() == kind) && (m.getOperation().equals(op))) {
32                     return m;
33                 }
34             }
35         }
36         throw new Exception(
37             "Cannot find the input SSM message belonging to the operation_"
38             + op.getName() + "!");
39     }
40
41     public WarehousePortBindingImpl() throws Exception {
42         /*
43          * To initialise the Simulator, the following items are needed:
44          */
45
46         /*
47          * The URL of the WSDL file
48          */
49         java.net.URL aMbItIoNWSDDLurl = new java.net.URL("Put_here_the_URL_of_the_Service's_WSDL");
50         /*
51          * The name of the WSDL-Service
52          */
53         String aMbItIoNservice = "Put_here_the_name_of_the_Service_as_in_the_WSDL";
54         /*
55          * The name of the WSDL-Port
56          */
57         String aMbItIoNport = "Put_here_the_port_of_the_Service_as_in_the_WSDL";
58         /*
59          * The URL of the SSM Schema Instance
60          */
61         java.net.URL aMbItIoNSSMurl = new java.net.URL("Put_here_the_URL_of_the_SSM_Schema_Instance");
62
63         /*
64          * Now we can generate the SSM object. To do so, we use Zsolt's "Minerva" library
65          */
66         aMbItIoNssm = hu.soft4d.jessi.ssm.SSMHandler.generateSSM(
67             aMbItIoNWSDDLurl, aMbItIoNSSMurl, aMbItIoNservice, aMbItIoNport);
68         /*
69          * Before we can use the SSM in the simulator, the parsers have to be attached
70          * to the switches
71          */
72         aMbItIoNssm.attachParsersToSwitches();
73         /*
74          * Next we generate the socket to the treeSolver.
75          */
76         String aMbItIoNsolverHost = "Put_here_the_URL_of_the_Solver";
77         int aMbItIoNsolverPort = "Put_here_the_Port_the_Solver";
78         java.net.Socket aMbItIoNsolverSocket = new java.net.Socket(
79             aMbItIoNsolverHost, aMbItIoNsolverPort);
80         /*
81          * The treeSolver sends a welcome message, we remove it from the stream
82          */
83         new java.io.BufferedReader(new java.io.InputStreamReader(
84             aMbItIoNsolverSocket.getInputStream())) .readLine();
85         /*
86          * The simulator can use an external tool to display sequence diagrams
87          * of the messages exchanged. // I skip this here since this takes extra
88          * ressources/
89          */
90
91         /*
92          * The simulator needs a logger to log to

```



```

93  */
94  java.util.logging.Logger aMbItIoNlogger = java.util.logging.Logger
95      .getLogger("");
96
97  /* The simulator is generated */
98
99  aMbItIoNsim = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator(
100      aMbItIoNssm, aMbItIoNsolverSocket, aMbItIoNlogger);
101
102  /*
103   * If Double variables are used we assume this models money
104   * (experimental). In any case, do this:
105   */
106  info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_PseudoPosDouble.postPointLength = 2;
107  /*
108   * Now the Simulator is ready.
109   * -----
110   */
111  }
112
113  public services.Quote checkAvail(services.QuoteRequest r)
114      throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
115      long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
116      services.Quote aMbItIoNreturnValue;
117      try {
118          aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
119
120          /*
121           * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
122           */
123          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
124              ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation("checkAvail", info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.
125                  REQUESTRESPONSE);
126          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessage( aMbItIoNssm,
127              info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT, aMbItIoNoperation);
128          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
129              ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
130          java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNmessageType =
131              aMbItIoNmessage.getType();
132          java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNnit = aMbItIoNmessageType.iterator();
133          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;
134
135          /*
136           * Generated Parameter 0
137           */
138          aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNnit.next();
139          Object[] aMbItIoNparameterValues = new Object[2];
140          aMbItIoNparameterValues[0] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(r.
141              getProduct());
142          aMbItIoNparameterValues[1] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstance(r.
143              getQuantity());
144          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance rInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
145              ssmsimulator.types.ComplexTypeInstance(aMbItIoNparameterValues);
146          aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), rInstance);
147
148          /*
149           * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
150           */
151          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNim = new info.frantzen.testing.
152              ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage( aMbItIoNmessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
153
154          /*
155           * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note
156           * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
157           * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
158           * here we do testing.
159           */
160          aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNim);
161
162          /*
163           * Ok, the simulator knows the input. Now we need a functionally
164           * correct response to this call. We first ask the simulator for all
165           * currently activated output transitions.
166           */
167          java.util.ArrayList aMbItIoNoutputs = new java.util.ArrayList(aMbItIoNsim.getCurrentOutputSwitches());
168
169          /*
170           * Out of all possible output switches, we randomly choose one and
171           * check if it has a solution. If yes, we take it. If not, we choose
172           * randomly the next one.
173           */
174          boolean aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = true;
175          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNnextOutput = null;
176          java.util.Random aMbItIoNrandom = new java.util.Random();

```



```

168 while (!aMbItIoNoutputs.isEmpty() && aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound) {
169     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch aMbItIoNcandidate = (info.frantzen.testing.
        ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch) aMbItIoNoutputs.get(aMbItIoNrandom.nextInt(aMbItIoNoutputs.size()));
170
171     /*
172      * try to find a solution, if yes, fine, if not, remove the
173      * candidate
174      */
175     aMbItIoNnextOutput = aMbItIoNsim.findSolution(aMbItIoNcandidate);
176     if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
177         aMbItIoNoutputs.remove(aMbItIoNcandidate);
178     else
179         aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = false;
180 }
181 if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
182     throw new Exception("Failure_in_SSM!_No_output_for_synchronous_input_specified!");
183 /*
184  * Ok, we have now a feasible and functionally correct output:
185  * nextOutput Before we send this output to the Service out there,
186  * we tell so to the simulator:
187  */
188 aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessageNoBackup(aMbItIoNnextOutput);
189
190 /*
191  * What is left to do, is to map this instantiated message back to a
192  * real returnValue.
193  */
194 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNreturnMessage = aMbItIoNnextOutput.getMessage()
    ;
195 String aMbItIoNreturnVarName = ((info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable)
    aMbItIoNreturnMessage.getType().iterator().next()).getName();
196 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNreturnValuation = aMbItIoNnextOutput.
    getValuation();
197 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance aMbItIoNreturnInstance = aMbItIoNreturnValuation
    .getSingleInstance(aMbItIoNreturnVarName);
198 String[] aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation = aMbItIoNreturnInstance.toString().split(",");
199 aMbItIoNreturnValue = new services.Quote((Double.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[0]).doubleValue()
    ), aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[1], (Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[2]).intValue()), (
    Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[3]).intValue()));
200 /*
201  * Now send the returnValue back to the calling service. That's it.
202  */
203 } catch (Exception genericException) {
204     throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
205 }
206 Density D = new Density();
207 Double sleepValue = D
    .gaussian(25000 - puppet.ambition.Naturals
        .asNatural(aMbItIoNinvocationTime
            - System.currentTimeMillis()));
208
209 try {
210     Thread.sleep(sleepValue.longValue());
211 } catch (InterruptedException e) {
212 }
213
214 return aMbItIoNreturnValue;
215 }
216
217
218 public void cancelTransact(int ref) throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
219     long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
220     try {
221         aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
222         /*
223          * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
224          */
225         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation(
226             "cancelTransact",
227             info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.ONEWAY);
228         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessage(
229             aMbItIoNssm,
230             info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT,
231             aMbItIoNoperation);
232         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
233         java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNmessageType =
            aMbItIoNmessage
234             .getType();
235         java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNnit = aMbItIoNmessageType.iterator();
236         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;
237
238         /*
239          * Generated Parameter 0
240          */
241         aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNnit

```



```

242         .next();
243         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance refInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstance(
244             ref);
245         aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(),
246             refInstance);
247
248         /*
249          * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
250          */
251         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNim = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage(
252             aMbItIoNmessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
253
254         /*
255          * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note
256          * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
257          * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
258          * here we do testing.
259          */
260         aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNim);
261     } catch (Exception genericException) {
262         throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
263     }
264 }
265
266 static long startWinTimeStamp = System.currentTimeMillis();
267
268 static ArrayList<Long> faultBuffer = new ArrayList<Long>();
269
270 static int executedFault = 0;
271
272 public void orderShipment(int ref, services.Address adr) throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
273     long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
274     try {
275         aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
276         /*
277          * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
278          */
279         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation("orderShipment", info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.
                ONEWAY);
280         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessage(aMbItIoNssm,
            info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT, aMbItIoNoperation);
281         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
282         java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNmessageType =
            aMbItIoNmessage.getType();
283         java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNnit = aMbItIoNmessageType.iterator();
284         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;
285
286         /*
287          * Generated Parameter 0
288          */
289         aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNnit.next();
290         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance refInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstance(ref);
291         aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), refInstance);
292
293         /*
294          * Generated Parameter 1
295          */
296         aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNnit.next();
297         Object[] aMbItIoNparameterValues = new Object[2];
298         aMbItIoNparameterValues[0] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
            getFirstName());
299         aMbItIoNparameterValues[1] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
            getLastName());
300         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance adrInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.types.ComplexTypeInstance(aMbItIoNparameterValues);
301         aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), adrInstance);
302
303         /*
304          * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
305          */
306         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNim = new info.frantzen.testing.
            ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNmessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
307
308         /*
309          * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note
310          * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
311          * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
312          * here we do testing.
313          */

```



```

314     aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNim);
315 } catch (Exception genericException) {
316     throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
317 }
318 long winSize = 120000;
319 int maxFault = 3;
320 long currentTimeStamp = System.currentTimeMillis();
321 for (int i=0; i<faultBuffer.size();i++){
322     if (currentTimeStamp - faultBuffer.get(i) >= winSize){
323         faultBuffer.remove(i);
324     }
325 }
326 if (faultBuffer.size() < maxFault){
327     Density d = new Density();
328     double dv = d.gaussian(100);
329     if (dv > 50) {
330         String fCode = "Server.NoService";
331         String fString = "PUPPET:_No_target_service_to_invoke!";
332         org.apache.axis.AxisFault fault = new org.apache.axis.AxisFault(
333             fCode, fString, "", null);
334         aMbItIoNsim.undo();
335         faultBuffer.add(currentTimeStamp);
336         throw fault;
337     }
338 }
339 }
340 }

```

5.9 Reference To Jambition

For any reference to Jambition in this document, please refer to [4].

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