

# PUPPET - User Manual

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March 4, 2008

## Abstract

This article is the user's guide for PUPPET . Please refer to [3] for the detailed description of the whole approach, the architectural description of the proposed implementation, the tools and the standard that have been used, or for any kind of motivation of the work.

## Contents

<b>1 Puppet Overview</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2 Technical info</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3 Deployment</b>	<b>3</b>
3.1 Install . . . . .	3
3.2 Configure . . . . .	3
3.3 Usage . . . . .	4
<b>4 Tutorial</b>	<b>4</b>
4.1 Terms in the Agreement and Generation Process . . . . .	4
4.2 The Syntax for the Terms in the WS-Agreement Contracts . . . . .	4
4.2.1 Qualifying Conditions . . . . .	5
4.2.2 Service Level Objective . . . . .	5
4.2.3 Scope . . . . .	8
4.3 Writing an Agreement . . . . .	8
4.4 Functional Behavior with Jambition . . . . .	9
4.5 Example . . . . .	12
4.5.1 Scenario Description . . . . .	13
4.5.2 Actors Interactions in the Scenario . . . . .	14
4.5.3 QoS Properties Definition . . . . .	14
4.6 Reference To Jambition . . . . .	16
<b>5 Appendix</b>	<b>16</b>
5.1 Abstract WSDL: WSDoctor . . . . .	16
5.2 Abstract WSDL: WSCalendar . . . . .	17
5.3 Abstract WSDL: WSSupervisor . . . . .	19
5.4 Abstract WSDL: WSPlastic . . . . .	19
5.5 Abstract WSDL: WSSeguitelService . . . . .	20
5.6 Abstract WSDL: WSMedicalDevice . . . . .	22
5.7 WS Agreement . . . . .	24
5.8 Warehouse . . . . .	29
<b>References</b>	<b>34</b>

# 1 Puppet Overview

To ensure consistent cooperation for business-critical services, with contractually agreed levels of Quality of Service, SLA specifications as well as techniques for their evaluation are nowadays irremissible assets. Puppet (Pick UP Performance Evaluation Test-bed) is an original approach developed within PLASTIC for the automatic generation of test-beds to empirically evaluate the QoS features of a Web Service under development. Specifically, the generation exploits the information about the coordinating scenario, the service description (WSDL) and the specification of the agreements (WS-Agreement).

As described in [3, 2, 1], PUPPET was originally designed in order to automatically generate stubs conforming only to SLA behaviors ignoring functional aspects. In other words, if invoked the stub were able to provide good QoS values but the responses were not built to be semantically meaningful (i.e. always returning constant values). However, in the general case extra-functional aspects are tightly coupled with functional characteristics. The current version of PUPPET integrates the emulation of the functional specifications as part of the generated testbed. The obtained environment can expose not only the specified extra-functional parameters but also meaningful functional behavior. Specifically, PUPPET generates stubs for Web Services which respect both an extra-functional contract expressed via a Service Level Agreement (SLA), and a functional contract modeled via a Service State Machine (SSM, see Chapter 4.6).

## 2 Technical info

**Provider** CNR

**Introduction** PUPPET is a tool for the automatic generation of test-beds to empirically evaluate the QoS features of a Web Service under development. The stubs generated with PUPPET conform both the extra-functional contract expressed via a Service Level Agreement (SLA), and to the functional contract modeled via a state machine.

**Development status** Version PuppetD4.3

**Intended audience** Developers who intend to test a PLASTIC service in composition with 3rd party Web Services

**License** Open source under GPLv3 with some exceptions to include libs

**Language** Java, XML

**Environment (set-up)** In the following the required software and hardware :

**Hardware:** No specific hardware is required.

**Software:** The following JAR library are required in order to compile and to launch PUPPET :

**Apache Axis 1.4 Libs** : axis-ant.jar, axis.jar, commons-discovery.jar, commons-logging.jar, jaxrpc.jar, jsr173\_1.0\_api.jar, log4j-1.2.8.jar, wsdl4j.jar, saaj.jar – available at <http://ws.apache.org/axis>.

**Apache XMLBeans Libs** : xbean.jar – available at <http://xmlbeans.apache.org>.

**String Template Libs** : stringtemplate.jar – available at <http://www.stringtemplate.org>.

**INI4J Libs** : ini4j.jar, ini4j-compat.jar – available at <http://ini4j.sourceforge.net>.

**Jambition Libs** : SSMSimulator.jar, minerva.jar (see Chapter 4.6)

**Other Libs** : antlr-2.7.7.jar, xercesImpl.jar, xmlsec.jar, mail.jar, activation.jar, java-getopt-1.0.13.jar

Please note that **PuppetD4.3.tgz** archive includes a version of these libraries in the directory **PuppetD4.3/externalLibs**.

**Platform** Java jdk1.6 or later

**Download** Download the official version of PUPPET in PLASTIC at <http://plastic.isti.cnr.it/download/tools>

**Documents** Related documents on the approach, the architectural description, and the implementation of PUPPET are [3, 2, 1].

**Tasks** N/A

**Bugs** N/A

**Patches** N/A

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## 3 Deployment

### 3.1 Install

Unzip the archive **PuppetD4.3.tgz** and configure the environmental CLASSPATH with the required libs indicated above.

The directory structure is the following:

- PuppetD4.3
  - doc
  - example
  - externalLibs
  - puppet.jar
  - puppetLibs
  - puppet.sh
  - runPuppet.bat
  - src
  - xml

The directory **PuppetD4.3/doc** contains this manual. The directory **PuppetD4.3/xml** contains the definitions mapping of the WS-Agreement statements into the Java code. The directories **PuppetD4.3/externalLibs** and **PuppetD4.3/puppetLibs** contains the libraries required by PUPPET in order to run. As your preference, you would append the name of the .jar files in **PuppetD4.3/puppetLibs** and **PuppetD4.3/externalLibs** to the Java CLASSPATH variable. **PuppetD4.3/puppet.sh** and **PuppetD4.3/runPuppet.bat** are executable batch scripts that set the Java CLASSPATH variable and run PUPPET on a given input file.

### 3.2 Configure

PUPPET generates stubs for web services according to what defined in a given configuration file. The configuration file is supposed to compile with the standard INI File Format. In such file, PUPPET looks for the section named **[mainSection]**. PUPPET loads its parameters as specified in the configuration held by this section.

The parameters that could be specified into the input configuration file are:

**wsdlPath** : It is the path to the directory holding the WSDL specifications of all the services whose emulators would be generated by means of PUPPET. Required.

**targetPath** : It is the path to the directory where PUPPET will dump the generated stubs. Required.

**JarPath** : It is the path to the required JAR file libraries listed above.<sup>1</sup>. Required.

**wsaFilename** : It is the name of the WS-Agreement file describing the agreements among the considered services. If it is not specified, PUPPET would look for a file named: **agreement.xml**. Optional

---

<sup>1</sup>In the future releases it would be deprecated

**trueTermsFilename** : It is the name of the file holding the terms of the agreement that have to be considered as fulfilled. As described in Sec 4.1, for each term in the agreement, PUPPET will generate code that emulates an extra functional behavior if and only if the term is fulfilled. If this file name is not specified, PUPPET would look for a file named: **gtTrueItemList.xml**. Optional

**wsaPath** : It is the path to the directory holding the WS-Agreement file. Required.

**trueTermsPath** : It is the path to the directory holding the *trueTermsFilename*. If it is not specified, PUPPET would assign to this parameter the path to the directory holding the WS-Agreement file (**wsaPath**). Optional.

**qcMappingFilename** : It is the path to the file holding the template mapping of the Qualifying Conditions in WS-Agreement on to the Java code that will be generated. PUPPET already includes a predefined mapping file. Even though it is possible to change this mapping, we strongly discourage from changing it. Optional.

**sloMappingFilename** : It is the path to the file holding the template mapping of the Service Level Objectives in WS-Agreement on to the Java code that will be generated. PUPPET already includes a predefined mapping file. Even though it is possible to change this mapping, we strongly discourage from changing it. Optional.

**ambitionMode** : If it is set to “**on**” enables the emulation of the functional behavior with Jambition. By default it is set to “**off**”. Optional.

### 3.3 Usage

Let us assume that the variable **CLASSPATH** of the JVM you are executing includes both the JAR files listed in the item **Tools** above, and those contained in **PuppetD4.3/puppetLibs**. PUPPET usage is:

```
java -cp $CLASSPATH:puppet.jar puppet.Puppet <IniConfigurationFile>
```

An alternative way to run PUPPET is executing the batch scripts **PuppetD4.3/puppet.sh** and **PuppetD4.3/runPuppet.bat**<sup>2</sup> on a given <IniConfigurationFile>.

## 4 Tutorial

### 4.1 Terms in the Agreement and Generation Process

In WS-Agreement [8], an agreement specification is composed by one or more terms. These terms are grouped in a logic formula by means logic connectors ( **All** – logic AND, **OneOrMore** – logic OR, and **ExactlyOne** – logic XOR).

Different scenarios could be considered defining a set of terms in the agreement that are assumed fulfilled. This set of terms enables in PUPPET the generation of the Java code emulating the extra functional behavior. PUPPET loads the list of these terms parsing an XML file. The value of each element in the XML file refers to the name of a term in the WS-Agreement specification. The example in Table 1 shows how to enable the code generation for the term named **WarehouseGT** in the agreement specification.

### 4.2 The Syntax for the Terms in the WS-Agreement Contracts

This section describes the domain specific syntax adopted in order to instantiate the generic contents defined by the Terms in WS-Agreement. The section is organized in tree main parts: Section 4.2.1 introduces the syntax that PUPPET uses in order to specify under which conditions a Term is applicable. Section 4.2.2 introduces the syntax that PUPPET uses in order to specify the extra-functional property the Term predicates about. Section 4.2.3 introduces the syntax that PUPPET uses in order to limit the scope of a Term only to some operations among all the ones that a Service exports.

<sup>2</sup>Respectively under Unix-like and Windows operating systems

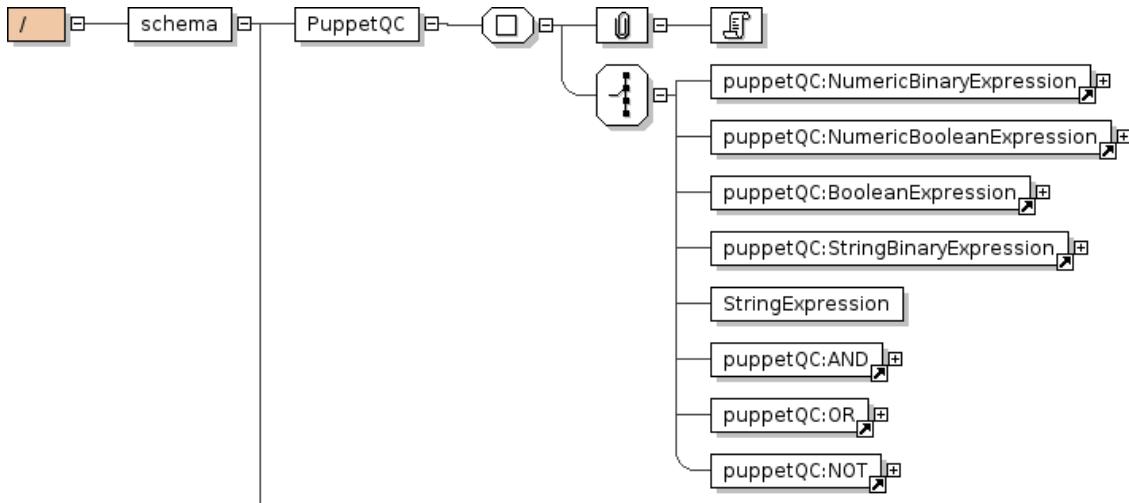
```

1 <wsag:AgreementOffer xsi:schemaLocation="..." xmlns:wsag="...">
2 ...
3   <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="WarehouseGT"
4     wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
5   ...
6 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
7 ...
8 </wsag:AgreementOffer>
```

```

1 <tns:TrueGTLList xmlns:tns="..." xmlns:xsi="..." xsi:schemaLocation="...">
2 ...
3   <tns:GTItemName>WarehouseGT</tns:GTItemName>
4 ...
5 </tns:TrueGTLList>
```

**Table 1: Enabling the code generation in PUPPET**



**Figure 1: Expressions in the Qualifying Condition**

#### 4.2.1 Qualifying Conditions

In WS-Agreement the Qualifying Conditions of a Term may appear to express a precondition under which a Term holds [8]. In PUPPET , a Qualifying Condition can be formulated in terms of atomic expressions typed as Numeric, Boolean, or String (see Figure 1). The atomic expressions can be combined by means of the Boolean operators: AND (see 2), OR (see 3), and NOT (see 4).

Figure 5 depicts the elements that can be used in order to construct an atomic expressions. Also, for each operation type, it shows the operators supported in this release.

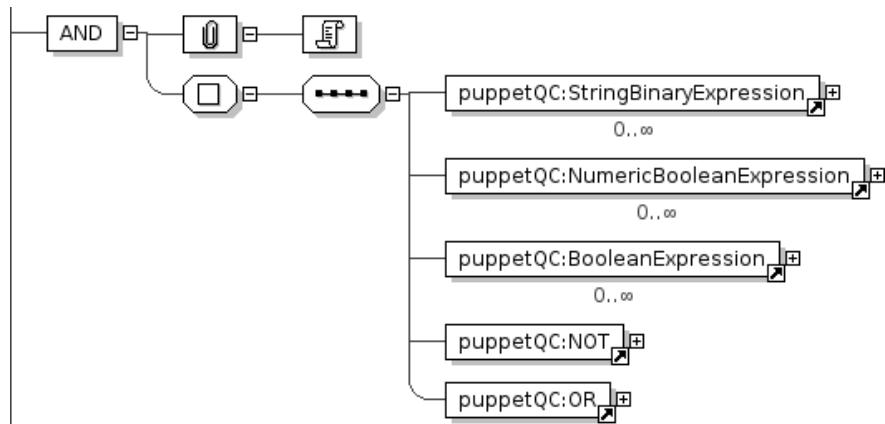
#### 4.2.2 Service Level Objective

The specification of WS-Agreement defines the Service Level Objective (of type xsd:anyType), as the element expressing the condition that must be met to satisfy the guarantee Term [8].

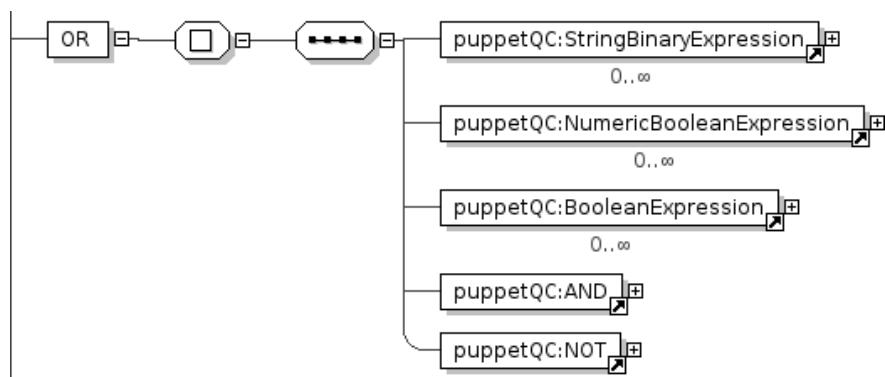
This version of PUPPET handles constraints on the maximum admissible response time (i.e. service latency) and constraints on reliability (see Figure 6).

The time elapsed by a service when invoked (latency) is defined specifying the maximum admissible response time and a probability function describing how the delays are distributed. In this version, is it possible to define delays that are normally distributed or that follow the Poisson's law.

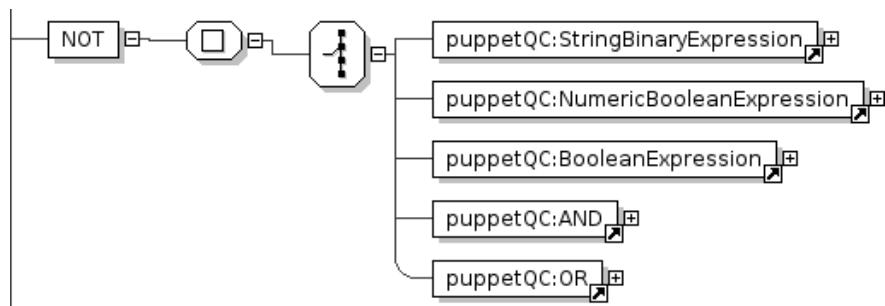
The constraints on the reliability of a Service are defined in terms of the maximum number of failure (**ReliabilityPerc** in Figure 6) in a given window of time. Also in this case, this release offer to describe the distribution of the failures in the window either as normal or as Poisson's.



**Figure 2: AND in the Qualifying Condition**



**Figure 3: OR in the Qualifying Condition**



**Figure 4: NOT in the Qualifying Condition**

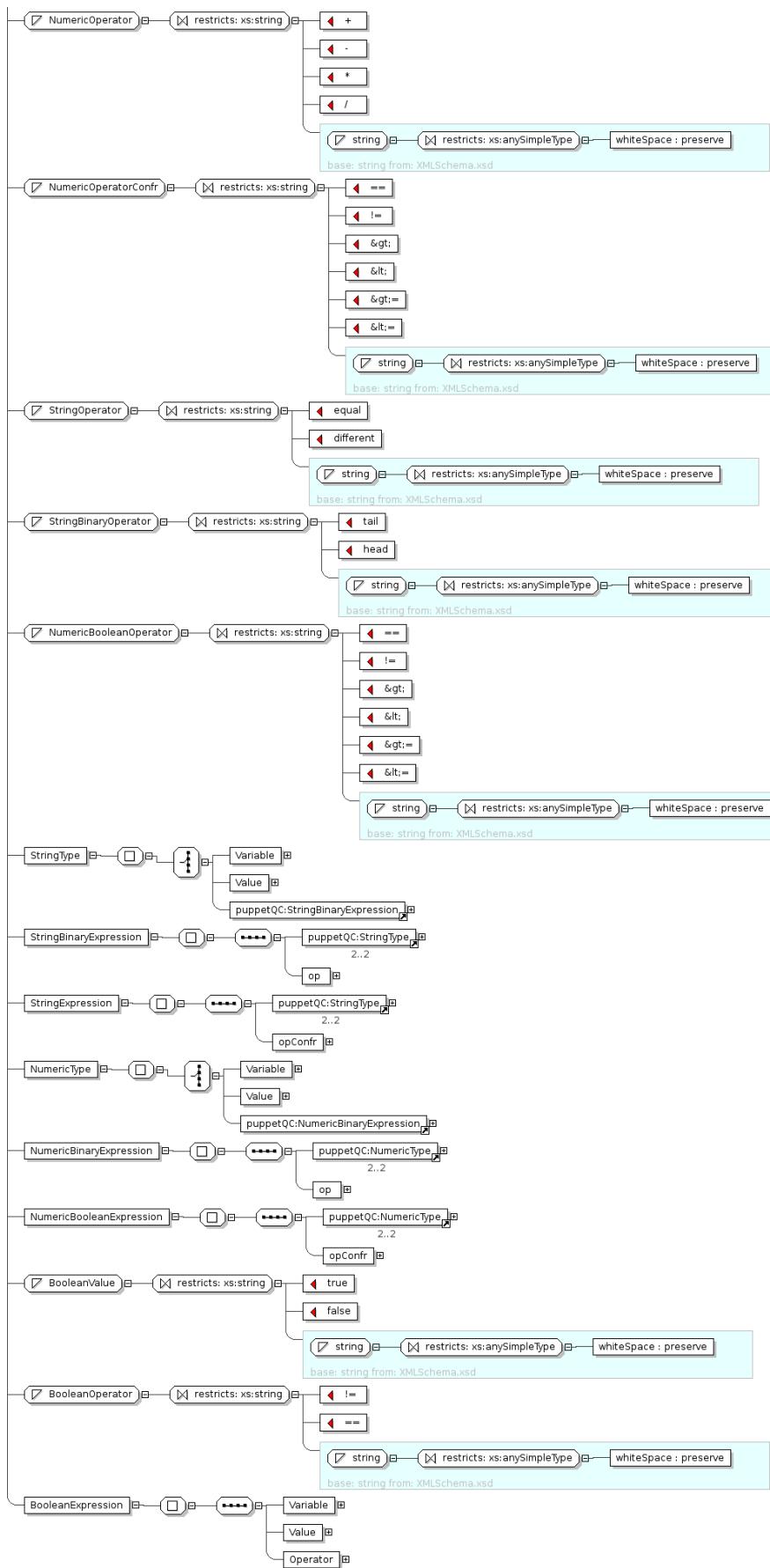
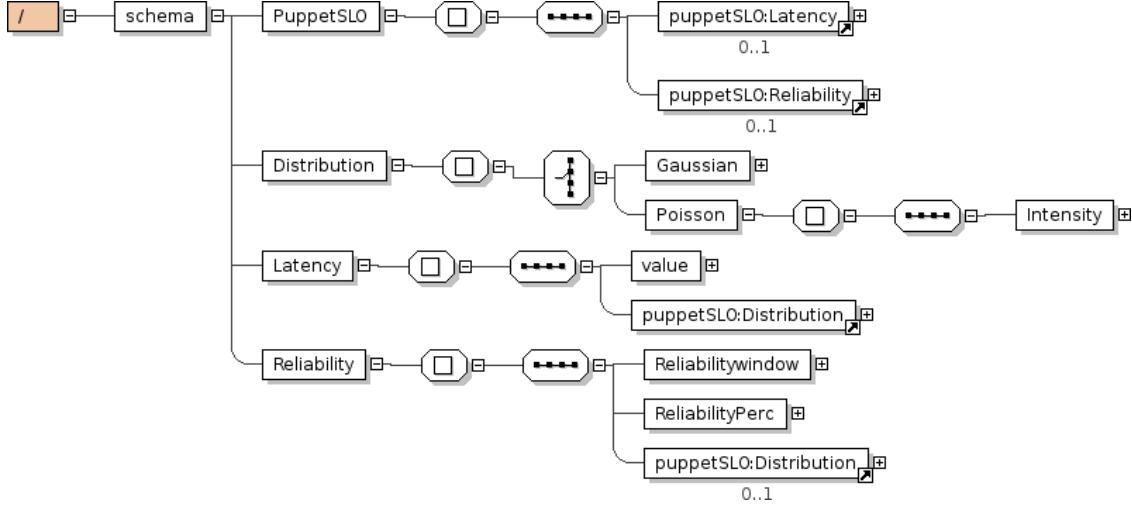
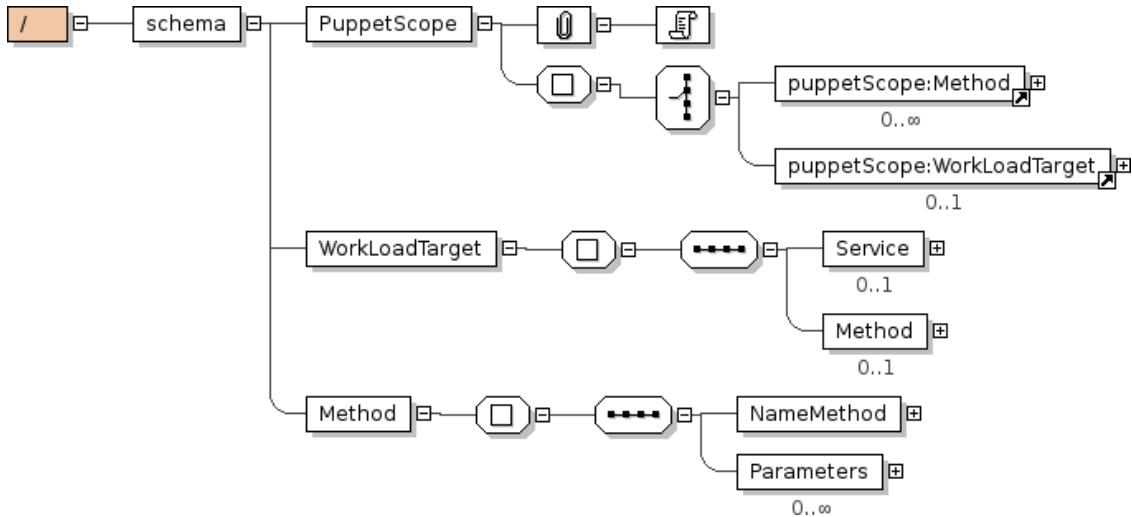


Figure 5: Operators in the Qualifying Condition



**Figure 6: Extra-Functional Properties in the Service Level Objective**



**Figure 7: Defining the Scope of a Term**

#### 4.2.3 Scope

The scope of a Term describes to what service element specifically a term applies. For example, a term might only apply to one operation of a Web service at a particular end point. According to the specification of WS-Agreement [8], the scope of a Term contains a **ServiceName** attribute and any other XML structure describing a sub-structure of a service to which the scope applies.

In this version of PUPPET it is possible to define the list of the operations affected by a specific Term as depicted in Figure 7. If a Term does not specify any scope, PUPPET would generate the emulation of the extra-functional property in all the operations exported by the service the Term refers to.

### 4.3 Writing an Agreement

In PLASTIC there are two possible way to write WS-Agreement specification for PUPPET . The former is to write it directly according to the indications given in [3]. The latter is to exploit the PLASTIC's editor of SLA as explained in the following.

The PLASTIC conceptual model [7] defines the reference SLA concepts adopted the in the project. This means that the specific implementations of the various environments should consider to manage at least the QoS annotations expressed in [7] and then refined in D1.2 [6].

According to the conceptual model, [5] defines with SLAng [9] an abstract syntax for the agreements. Such syntax would be instantiated in several concrete syntax. Each concrete syntax refers to a given kind of specification. For example in [5] the SLAng concepts were expressed using the HUTN (Human-Usable Textual Notation) as a concrete syntax.

The concrete syntax of SLAng could also refer to other languages for SLA specification. In that sense, a WS-Agreement specification could be seen as a concrete instantiation of the SLAng's abstract syntax. Note that such association is valid under the assumption that the two specifications predicate on the same kind of concepts.

In deliverable D2.2, the consortium presents a tool support for SLAng. It is an Eclipse-based editor for SLAng, in the form of an Eclipse plugin. The joint work between WP2 and WP4 developed an extension to the SLAng editor including a syntactic translation engine that generates WS-Agreement specification. The output produced by the plugin extension of the SLAng editor could be used as input for PUPPET .

#### 4.4 Functional Behavior with Jambition

The integrated work of the team developing PUPPET and the team developing Jambition (see Chapter 4.6) in WP4 included in PUPPET (version PuppetD4.3) the features to generate stubs whose behavior conforms to both extra-functional contracts and a functional specifications.

As reported in Chapter 4.6, the functional behavior of a service in Jambition is modeled using a state machine called *Service State Machine* (SSM).

Enabling the **ambitionMode** in the INI configuration as specified in Section 3.2, PUPPET would include in the generated stubs the code emulating the functional behavior.

Specifically, the **ambitionMode** flag enables the inclusion in the source code of the stub of facilities used for the emulation of the functional behavior in Jambition. Listing 1 shows the definition of the Service State Machine (SSM) (line 4), the simulator that browses the SSM in order to emulates the correct functional behavior (line 9), and a private utility method (lines 11-30).

```

10  /*
11   * The SSM object.
12   */
13  private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine aMbItIoNssm;
14
15  /*
16   * The simulator is generated
17   */
18  private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator aMbItIoNsim;
19
20  private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNfindSSMMesssage(
21      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine ssm,
22      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind kind,
23      info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation op)
24  throws Exception {
25      java.util.HashSet<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message> messages = ssm
26          .getMessages();
27      for (java.util.Iterator it = messages.iterator(); it.hasNext();) {
28          info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message m = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message) it
29              .next();
30          if (m.getKind() != info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.UNOBSERVABLE) {
31              if ((m.getKind() == kind) && (m.getOperation().equals(op))) {
32                  return m;
33              }
34          }
35      }
36      throw new Exception(
37          "Cannot find the input SSM message belonging to the Operation "
38          + op.getName() + "!");
39  }

```

**Listing 1: Attributes and Local operation included in the code**

For each stub, the body of a default constructor is generated. In addition those line required in order to instantiate and to initialize both the simulator, and the SSM object are generated. Please note that once the stub is generated, some parameters required by the simulator have to be manually set by the user. Referring to Listing 2:

- at line 49 set the URL of the WSDL the Web Service that is going to be emulated exports
- at line 53 set the name of the Web Service that is going to be emulated as reported on the WSDL

- at line 57 set the port of the Web Service that is going to be emulated as reported on the WSDL
- at line 61 set the URL of the file with the specification of the SSM
- at line 76 set the URL of the treeSolver that the simulator uses in order to generate meaningful functional values
- at line 77 set the port of the treeSolver that the simulator uses in order to generate meaningful functional values

```

42  /*
43   * To initialise the Simulator, the following items are needed:
44   */
45
46  /*
47   * The URL of the WSDL file
48   */
49 java.net.URL aMbItIoNWSDLUrl = new java.net.URL("Put here the URL of the Service's WSDL");
50 /*
51  * The name of the WSDL-Service
52  */
53 String aMbItIoNservice = "Put here the name of the Service as in the WSDL";
54 /*
55  * The name of the WSDL-Port
56  */
57 String aMbItIoNport = "Put here the port of the Service as in the WSDL";
58 /*
59  * The URL of the SSM Schema Instance
60  */
61 java.net.URL aMbItIoNSSMUrl = new java.net.URL("Put here the URL of the SSM Schema Instance");
62 /*
63  * Now we can generate the SSM object. To do so, we use Zsolt's "Minerva" library
64  */
65 aMbItIoNssm = hu.soft4d.jessi.ssm.SSMSHandler.generateSSM(
66     aMbItIoNWSDLUrl, aMbItIoNSSMUrl, aMbItIoNservice, aMbItIoNport);
67 /*
68  * Before we can use the SSM in the simulator, the parsers have to be attached
69  * to the switches
70  */
71 aMbItIoNssm.attachParsersToSwitches();
72 /*
73  * Next we generate the socket to the treeSolver.
74  */
75 String aMbItIoNsolverHost = "Put here the URL of the Solver";
76 int aMbItIoNsolverPort = "Put here the Port of the Solver";
77 java.net.Socket aMbItIoNsolverSocket = new java.net.Socket(
78     aMbItIoNsolverHost, aMbItIoNsolverPort);
79 /*
80  * The treeSolver sends a welcome message, we remove it from the stream
81  */
82 new java.io.BufferedReader(new java.io.InputStreamReader(
83     aMbItIoNsolverSocket.getInputStream())).readLine();
84 /*
85  * The simulator can use an external tool to display sequence diagrams
86  * of the messages exchanged. // I skip this here since this takes extra
87  * resources/
88  */
89 /*
90  * The simulator needs a logger to log to
91  */
92 java.util.logging.Logger aMbItIoNlogger = java.util.logging.Logger
93     .getLogger("");
94 /*
95  * The simulator is generated */
96
97 aMbItIoNsim = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator(
98     aMbItIoNssm, aMbItIoNsolverSocket, aMbItIoNlogger);
99 /*
100  * If Double variables are used we assume this models money
101  * (experimental). In any case, do this:
102  */
103 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_PseudoPosDouble.postPointLength = 2;
104 /*
105  * Now the Simulator is ready.
106  * -----
107  */
108 /*
109  */
110 */

```

**Listing 2: Code Included Into the Default Class Constructor**

For each operation exported by the Web Service, PUPPET include in the correspondent method body the code emulating the functional behavior. Listing 3 shows the code line instantiating the local variables used in order to interact with the simulator. Note that both the name and the type of the operation match with the parameters generated at line 279.

```

272 public void orderShipment(int ref, services.Address adr) throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
273     long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
274     try {
275         aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
276         /*
277          * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
278          */
279         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
280             ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation("orderShipment", info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.
281             ONEWAY);
280         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessag
281             e(aMbItIoNssm,
282                 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT, aMbItIoNoperation);
281         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
282             ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
282         java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNmessag
283             eType =
284                 aMbItIoNmessage.getType();
283         java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNit = aMbItIoNmessag
284             eType.iterator();
284         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;
```

### Listing 3: Local Variables Configuration

Listings 4 shows an example of the set of lines generated for each parameter that any operation exports.

```

286 /*
287  * Generated Parameter 0
288 */
289 aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNit.next();
290 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance refInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
291     ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstance(ref);
291 aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), refInstance);
292
293 /*
294  * Generated Parameter 1
295 */
296 aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNit.next();
297 Object[] aMbItIoNparameterValues = new Object[2];
298 aMbItIoNparameterValues[0] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
299     getFirstName());
300 aMbItIoNparameterValues[1] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
300     getLastname());
300 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance adrInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
301     ssmsimulator.types.ComplexTypeInstance(aMbItIoNparameterValues);
301 aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), adrInstance);
```

### Listing 4: The Generation of the Operation's Parameters

In the end, the last piece of code that Listing 5 shows concerns the interrogation to the functional simulator. Note that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely when this message is not specified in the SSM. Here the generated stub is thus able to do also functional testing.

```

303 /*
304  * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
305  */
306 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNim = new info.frantzen.testing.
307     ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNmessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
308
309 /*
310  * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note
311  * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
312  * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
313  * here we do testing.
314  */
314 aMbItIoNsims.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNim);
315 } catch (Exception genericException) {
316     throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
317 }
```

### Listing 5: The Generation of the Operation's Parameters

In case the operation has to return a meaningful value, an additional set of code lines is added to the body of the operation. Specifically, when the simulator knows the input, it is possible to query it for a correct response. First we ask the simulator for all currently activated output transitions (line 158 at Listing 6). Out of all possible output switches, we randomly choose one and check if it has a solution. If yes, we take it. If not, we choose randomly the next one (lines 165-180 at Listing 6)).

```

153  /*
154   * Ok, the simulator knows the input. Now we need a functionally
155   * correct response to this call. We first ask the simulator for all
156   * currently activated output transitions.
157   */
158   java.util.ArrayList aMbItIoNoutputs = new java.util.ArrayList(aMbItIoNsSim.getCurrentOutputSwitches());
159
160  /*
161   * Out of all possible output switches, we randomly choose one and
162   * check if it has a solution. If yes, we take it. If not, we choose
163   * randomly the next one.
164   */
165   boolean aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = true;
166   info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNnextOutput = null;
167   java.util.Random aMbItIoNrandom = new java.util.Random();
168   while (!aMbItIoNoutputs.isEmpty() && aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound) {
169     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch aMbItIoNcandidate = (info.frantzen.testing.
170       ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch) aMbItIoNoutputs.get(aMbItIoNrandom.nextInt(aMbItIoNoutputs.size()));
171
172   /*
173    * try to find a solution, if yes, fine, if not, remove the
174    * candidate
175   */
176   aMbItIoNnextOutput = aMbItIoNsSim.findSolution(aMbItIoNcandidate);
177   if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
178     aMbItIoNoutputs.remove(aMbItIoNcandidate);
179   else
180     aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = false;
181 }
182 if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
183   throw new Exception("Failure in SSM! No output for synchronous input specified!");
184 /*
185 * Ok, we have now a feasible and functionally correct output:
186 * nextOutput Before we send this output to the Service out there,
187 * we tell so to the simulator:
188 */
189 aMbItIoNsSim.processInstantiatedMessageNoBackup(aMbItIoNnextOutput);
190
191 /*
192 * What is left to do, is to map this instantiated message back to a
193 * real returnValue.
194 */
195 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNreturnMessage = aMbItIoNnextOutput.getMessage();
196 String aMbItIoNreturnVarName = ((info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable)
197   aMbItIoNreturnMessage.getType().iterator().next()).getName();
198 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNreturnValuation = aMbItIoNnextOutput.
199   getValuation();
200 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance aMbItIoNreturnInstance = aMbItIoNreturnValuation
201   .getSingleInstance(aMbItIoNreturnVarName);
202 String[] aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation = aMbItIoNreturnInstance.toString().split(",");
203 aMbItIoNreturnValue = new services.Quote((Double.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[0]).doubleValue()
204   ),aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[1],(Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[2]).intValue()),(
205   Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[3]).intValue()));
206 /*
207 * Now send the returnValue back to the calling service. That's it.
208 */

```

### Listing 6: The Generation of the Meaningful Return Value

Once a feasible and functionally correct output is found, before sending it to the calling Service, the simulator has to store the output we choose (line 188 at Listing 6). Thus, what is left to do, is to map the output message back to a real return value (line 194-199 at Listing 6).

For the sake of completeness, in the appendix is reported the Java source code emulating a Warehouse Web Service (see the example in Chapter 4.6). The whole code of the stub was automatically generated by Puppet with the **ambitionMode** enabled.

## 4.5 Example

In this section, an example scenario on how to describe a WS-Agreement specification for the eHealth application domain is presented. The scenario is inspired to the eHealth scenarios proposed by the PLASTIC industrial partners. We remind that the WS Agreement file could also be automatically generated by means of the SlangMon editor provided by the Plastic Platform (see [5] for details).

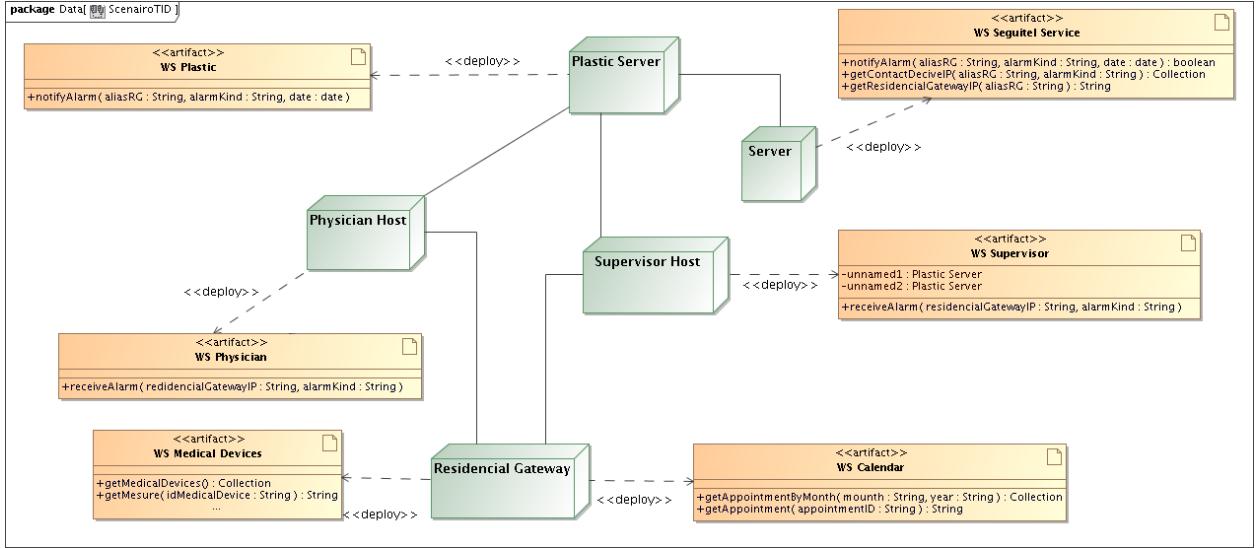


Figure 8: Scenario 3 Deployment Diagram

#### 4.5.1 Scenario Description

The scenario is structured as depicted in Figure 8. Five web services are involved in this example:

**WSPlastic** : Is the Web Service that interfaces the current eHealth system with the new Plastic environment.

In this scenario description we only refer to one of the possible operations and feature that it exports. Specifically the operation **notifyAlarm** is aimed at both collect and process the alarm messages coming from the eHealth part of the application that runs on Plastic. It is invoked when an alarm is raised. It takes as input the name of the Residential Gateway where the alarm comes from, the kind of the alarm and the date when it was raised.

In the scenario, WSPlastic represents the new service that have to be tested. Puppet here is used to automatically build the portion of the system that interacts with the service under test (i.e. WSPlastic)

**WSSeguiteService** : This Web Service represents the current eHealth application. It exports the following operations: **notifyAlarm**, **getResidentialGatewayIP**, **getContactDeciveIP**. **notifyAlarm**, takes as input the name of the Residential Gateway where the alarm comes from, the kind of the alarm and the date when it was raised. Both the other two exported operations take as input the logic name of a Residential Gateway. Thus **getResidentialGatewayIP** returns the IP address associated with the input label while **getContactDeciveIP** the list of IP addresses that should be contacted in case of alarm.

**WSDoctor** : It is the service deployed on the device that the doctor uses to interface with the eHealth system. The hosting device could be either a usual wired device as a PC or a mobile and wireless device such as a smart phone. The Web Service exports the **receiveAlarm** operation. Such operation takes as input both the IP address of the Residential Gateway where the alarm was raised and the kind of the alarm.

**WSSupervisor** : It is a service deployed on the device that a supervisor uses to interface with the eHealth system. The supervisor of a patient is the person that could assist the patient for non critical situation. In those cases that are classified as non critical, some kind of alarm could be forwarded to the supervisor instead of the doctor.

As for the doctor, also here the hosting device could be either a usual wired device as a PC or a mobile and wireless device such as a smart phone. The Web Service exports the **receiveAlarm** operation. Such operation takes as input both the IP address of the Residential Gateway where the alarm was raised and the kind of the alarm.

**WSMedicalDevice** : Each Residential Gateway controls several hardware medical devices. Each medical device is identified on the Residential Gateway by means of a unique identification code.

This Web Service interfaces the medical devices hosted by the Residential Gateway on the Plastic Network. It exports two operations. **getMedicalDevices** returns a collection of the controlled medical devices. To control an eHealth parameter monitored by a medical device, the web service has to be invoked on the **getMeasure** operation providing the id code of the medical device as input.

**WSCalendar** : Each Residential Gateway holds the lists of the periodic appointments that a supervisor plans with the patient. This Web Service interfaces the Plastic Network to this feature exporting the methods : **getAppointmentByMonth**, and **getAppointment**. The former gives information on the appointments already scheduled in a given month of a year. The latter is used to create a new one.

In this scenario, the Web Services described above are supposed to be deployed on different and distributed platforms. Specifically, WSPlastic is deployed on a **PlasticServer**, while the WSSequitelService is supposed to run on the **eHealthServer**. Nevertheless, in principle the two server could be also the same.

#### 4.5.2 Actors Interactions in the Scenario

This section provides a brief description on how the Web Services described in Section 4.5.1 interact. Figure 9 reports a UML Sequence Diagram describing these interactions.

When a alarm is notified to **WSPlastic**, as first step it forwards the event to **WSSequitelService** invoking the **notifyAlarm** method. The Plastic Web Service also invokes **getResidentialGatewayIP** obtaining the IP address of the Residential Gateway where the alarm was raised. Thus, it gets the list of the IP addresses that must be contacted invoking **getContactDeciveIP** on **WSSequitelService**. The obtained list depends on the kind of the received alarm.

Due to the kind of contact list the **WSPlastic** starts to invoke the appropriate Web Service. The Web Services to invoke are supposed to be deployed and reachable by means of the address list. This phase will continue until any confirmation of the handled alarm is obtained either by the doctor or the supervisor.

In the following, the case where the alarm kind is an emergency (i.e. "EMERGENCY") is described. **WSPlastic** extracts an IP address from the address list. Then, it invokes **receiveAlarm** on **WSDoctor** using the IP address as endpoint. If the target Web Service decides to accept the alarm handling **WSPlastic** ends considering the problem solved. On the other hand, if **WSDoctor** does not accept to handle the notification or due to a QoS agreement violation (see Section 5.7), **WSPlastic** proceeds by extracting the next endpoint of the target Web Service.

When the doctor agrees on handle the alarm, he/she contacts **WSMedicalDevices** deployed on the referred Residential Gateway. Then, **WSDoctor** collects the list of the medical devices controlled by the Residential Gateway. The monitoring of the patient parameters is performed invoking the **getMeasure** method on those devices that are considered important for the clinical status.

In the following, the case where the alarm kind is not critical (i.e. "NOT CONFIRMATION"). **WSPlastic** extracts an IP address from the address list. Then, it invokes **receiveAlarm** on **WSSupervisor** using the IP address as endpoint. If the target Web Service decides to accept the alarm handling **WSPlastic** ends considering the problem solved. On the other hand, if **WSSupervisor** does not accept to handle the notification or due to a QoS agreement violation (see Section 5.7), **WSPlastic** proceeds extracting the next endpoint of the target Web Service.

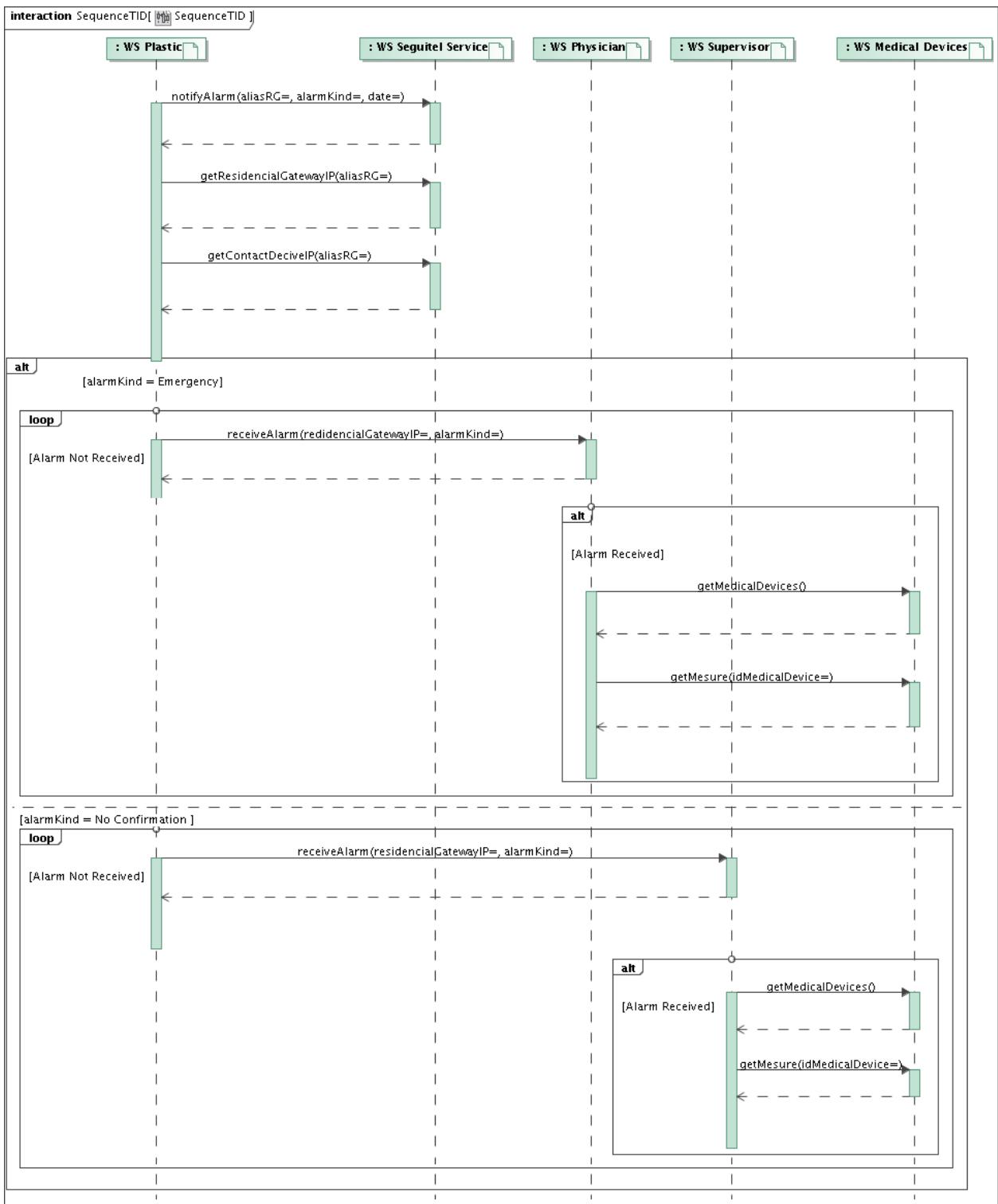
When the supervisor agrees on handle the alarm, he/she contacts **WSCalendar** deployed on the referred Residential Gateway. In the end, the **WSSupervisor** queries the Residential Gateway to schedule an appointment with the patient.

#### 4.5.3 QoS Properties Definition

As described in Section 4.5.1, the Web Services considered in this scenario could be deployed on different machines. In particular, both **WSDoctor** and **WSSupervisor** could be deployed on a usual wired device as a PC or a mobile and wireless device such as a smart phone.

Is it clear that the QoS properties of the service could depend on where the service is actually deployed. For example, if a the Web Service is deployed on a wireless node it is not always given that it is possible to reach it. On the other hand, if a Web Service is deployed on a standard PC it operates at higher performances than one deployed on a smart phone.

Moreover, a method can behave differently depending on the parameters it receives. For example, the processing time of **getMeasure** on **WSMedicalDevice** directly depends on the kind of measurement that is performed and the medical device that is used.



**Figure 9: Scenario 3 Sequence Diagram**

	<b>Latency (msec)</b>	<b>Reliability</b>		<b>Conditions</b>
WSSeguitelService:getContactDeciveIP	2000			alarmKind="Emergency"
WSSeguitelService:getContactDeciveIP	1000			alarmKind="No Confirmation"
WSDoctor:receiveAlarm	6000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 5	deployedOn="MobileNode"
WSDoctor:receiveAlarm	2000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 1	deployedOn="WiredServer"
WSSupervisor:receiveAlarm	10000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 5	deployedOn="MobileNode"
WSSupervisor:receiveAlarm	6000	WinSize Max Fails in Win	30000 1	deployedOn="WiredServer"
WSMedicalDevice:getMeasure	3000			idMedicalDevice="device_1"
WSMedicalDevice:getMeasure	10000			idMedicalDevice="device_2"

**Table 2: QoS Properties**

The QoS levels admitted in the scenario here considered are formalized in an agreement. Table 2<sup>3</sup> reports a short version of the extra functional properties that are supposed to be respected in the scenario. Time are given in milliseconds. In the appendix below, the listings reporting the complete version of the XML document expressing the agreement are reported.

## 4.6 Reference To Jambition

For any reference to Jambition in this document, please refer to [4].

# 5 Appendix

## 5.1 Abstract WSDL: WSDoctor

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" xmlns:apachesoap="http://xml.
3   apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" xmlns:intf="http://
4     localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" xmlns:wsdl
5     ="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/" xmlns:xsd="http:
6       //www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
7   <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
8     Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
9 
10  <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmRequest">
11    <wsdl:part name="residencialGatewayIP" type="soapenc:string"/>
12    <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
13  </wsdl:message>
14  <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmResponse">
15  </wsdl:message>
16 
17  <wsdl:portType name="WSDoctor">
18    <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm" parameterOrder="residencialGatewayIP_alarmGender">
19      <wsdl:input message="impl:receiveAlarmRequest" name="receiveAlarmRequest"/>
20      <wsdl:output message="impl:receiveAlarmResponse" name="receiveAlarmResponse"/>
21    </wsdl:operation>
22  </wsdl:portType>
23 
24  <wsdl:binding name="WSDoctorSoapBinding" type="impl:WSDoctor">
25    <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
26    <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm">
27      <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
28    </wsdl:operation>
29  </wsdl:binding>
30 
```

<sup>3</sup>The values in this table has to be considered just as an example.

```

38     <wsdl:input name="receiveAlarmRequest">
39
40         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
41             use="encoded"/>
42
43     </wsdl:input>
44
45     <wsdl:output name="receiveAlarmResponse">
46
47         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
48             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor" use="encoded"/>
49
50     </wsdl:output>
51
52 </wsdl:operation>
53
54 </wsdl:binding>
55
56 <wsdl:service name="WSDoctorService">
57
58     <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSDoctorSoapBinding" name="WSDoctor">
59
60         <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSDoctor"/>
61
62     </wsdl:port>
63
64 </wsdl:service>
65
66 </wsdl:definitions>

```

## 5.2 Abstract WSDL: WSCalendar

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns:apachesoap="http://xml
3 .apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns:intf="http://
4 localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
5 xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
6 xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
7 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
8 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
9 <wsdl:types>
10 <schema targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/
11      XMLSchema">
12     <import namespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap"/>
13     <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding"/>
14     <complexType name="ArrayOf_xsd_anyType">
15         <complexContent>
16             <restriction base="soapenc:Array">
17                 <attribute ref="soapenc:arrayType" wsdl:arrayType="xsd:anyType[]"/>
18             </restriction>
19         </complexContent>
20     </complexType>
21     <schema targetNamespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
22         <import namespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar"/>
23         <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding"/>
24         <complexType name="Vector">
25             <sequence>
26                 <element maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" name="item" type="xsd:anyType"/>
27             </sequence>
28         </complexType>
29     </schema>
30 </wsdl:types>
31
32 <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentByMonthRequest">
33
34     <wsdl:part name="month" type="soapenc:string"/>
35
36     <wsdl:part name="year" type="soapenc:string"/>
37
38 </wsdl:message>
39
40 <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentRequest">
41
42     <wsdl:part name="appointmentID" type="soapenc:string"/>
43
44 </wsdl:message>
45
46 <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentByMonthResponse">
47
48     <wsdl:part name="getAppointmentByMonthReturn" type="impl:ArrayOf_xsd_anyType"/>
49
50 </wsdl:message>

```

```

47 <wsdl:message name="getAppointmentResponse">
48   <wsdl:part name="getAppointmentReturn" type="soapenc:string"/>
49 </wsdl:message>
50
51 <wsdl:portType name="WSCalendar">
52
53   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointmentByMonth" parameterOrder="month,year">
54     <wsdl:input message="impl:getAppointmentByMonthRequest" name="getAppointmentByMonthRequest"/>
55     <wsdl:output message="impl:getAppointmentByMonthResponse" name="getAppointmentByMonthResponse"/>
56   </wsdl:operation>
57
58   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointment" parameterOrder="appointmentID">
59     <wsdl:input message="impl:getAppointmentRequest" name="getAppointmentRequest"/>
60     <wsdl:output message="impl:getAppointmentResponse" name="getAppointmentResponse"/>
61   </wsdl:operation>
62
63 </wsdl:portType>
64
65 <wsdl:binding name="WSCalendarSoapBinding" type="impl:WSCalendar">
66
67   <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
68
69   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointmentByMonth">
70     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
71     <wsdl:input name="getAppointmentByMonthRequest">
72       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
73         use="encoded"/>
74     </wsdl:input>
75     <wsdl:output name="getAppointmentByMonthResponse">
76       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
77         localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" use="encoded"/>
78     </wsdl:output>
79   </wsdl:operation>
80
81   <wsdl:operation name="getAppointment">
82     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
83     <wsdl:input name="getAppointmentRequest">
84       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
85         use="encoded"/>
86     </wsdl:input>
87     <wsdl:output name="getAppointmentResponse">
88       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
89         localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar" use="encoded"/>
90     </wsdl:output>
91   </wsdl:operation>
92
93 </wsdl:binding>
94
95 <wsdl:service name="WSCalendarService">
96   <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSCalendarSoapBinding" name="WSCalendar">
97     <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSCalendar"/>
98   </wsdl:port>
99
100 </wsdl:service>
101
102 </wsdl:definitions>

```

## 5.3 Abstract WSDL: WSSupervisor

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" xmlns:apachesoap="http://
  xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" xmlns:intf="http://
  localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
  xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
4 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
5
6   <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmResponse">
7
8     </wsdl:message>
9
10    <wsdl:message name="receiveAlarmRequest">
11
12      <wsdl:part name="residencialGatewayIP" type="soapenc:string"/>
13
14      <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
15
16    </wsdl:message>
17
18  <wsdl:portType name="WSSupervisor">
19
20    <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm" parameterOrder="residencialGatewayIP,alarmGender">
21
22      <wsdl:input message="impl:receiveAlarmRequest" name="receiveAlarmRequest"/>
23
24      <wsdl:output message="impl:receiveAlarmResponse" name="receiveAlarmResponse"/>
25
26    </wsdl:operation>
27
28  </wsdl:portType>
29
30  <wsdl:binding name="WSSupervisorSoapBinding" type="impl:WSSupervisor">
31
32    <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
33
34    <wsdl:operation name="receiveAlarm">
35
36      <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
37
38      <wsdl:input name="receiveAlarmRequest">
39
40        <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
          use="encoded"/>
41
42      </wsdl:input>
43
44      <wsdl:output name="receiveAlarmResponse">
45
46        <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
          localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor" use="encoded"/>
47
48      </wsdl:output>
49
50    </wsdl:operation>
51
52  </wsdl:binding>
53
54  <wsdl:service name="WSSupervisorService">
55
56    <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSSupervisorSoapBinding" name="WSSupervisor">
57
58      <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSupervisor"/>
59
60    </wsdl:port>
61
62  </wsdl:service>
63
64 </wsdl:definitions>
```

## 5.4 Abstract WSDL: WSPlastic

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" xmlns:apachesoap="http://xml.
  apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" xmlns:intf="http://
  localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
  xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
```

```

4 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
5
6 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmRequest">
7
8   <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
9
10  <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
11
12  <wsdl:part name="date" type="xsd:dateTime"/>
13
14 </wsdl:message>
15
16 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmResponse">
17
18 </wsdl:message>
19
20 <wsdl:portType name="WSPlastic">
21
22   <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm" parameterOrder="aliasRG_alarmGender_date">
23
24     <wsdl:input message="impl:notifyAlarmRequest" name="notifyAlarmRequest"/>
25
26     <wsdl:output message="impl:notifyAlarmResponse" name="notifyAlarmResponse"/>
27
28   </wsdl:operation>
29
30 </wsdl:portType>
31
32 <wsdl:binding name="WSPlasticSoapBinding" type="impl:WSPlastic">
33
34   <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
35
36   <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm">
37
38     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
39
40     <wsdl:input name="notifyAlarmRequest">
41
42       <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
43         use="encoded"/>
44
45   </wsdl:input>
46
47   <wsdl:output name="notifyAlarmResponse">
48
49     <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
50       localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic" use="encoded"/>
51
52   </wsdl:output>
53
54 </wsdl:operation>
55
56 </wsdl:binding>
57
58 <wsdl:service name="WSPlasticService">
59
60   <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSPlasticSoapBinding" name="WSPlastic">
61
62     <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSPlastic"/>
63
64   </wsdl:port>
65
66 </wsdl:service>
67
68 </wsdl:definitions>

```

## 5.5 Abstract WSDL: WSSEguitelService

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSEguitelService" xmlns:apachesoap="
3   http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSEguitelService"
4   xmlns:intf="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSEguitelService" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.
5   org/soap/encoding/" xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.
6   org/wsdl/soap/" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
7   <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
8   Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
9   <wsdl:types>
10    <schema targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSEguitelService" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/
11      XMLSchema">
12      <import namespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap"/>
13      <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding"/>
14      <complexType name="ArrayOf_xsd_anyType">
15        <complexContent>

```

```

11   <restriction base="soapenc:Array">
12     <attribute ref="soapenc:arrayType" wsdl:arrayType="xsd:anyType[]"/>
13   </restriction>
14 </complexContent>
15 </complexType>
16 </schema>
17 <schema targetNamespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
18   <import namespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService"/>
19   <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding"/>
20   <complexType name="Vector">
21     <sequence>
22       <element maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" name="item" type="xsd:anyType"/>
23     </sequence>
24   </complexType>
25 </schema>
26 </wsdl:types>
27
28 <wsdl:message name="getResidencialGatewayIPResponse">
29
30   <wsdl:part name="getResidencialGatewayIPReturn" type="soapenc:string"/>
31
32 </wsdl:message>
33
34 <wsdl:message name="getResidencialGatewayIPRequest">
35
36   <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
37
38 </wsdl:message>
39
40 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmRequest">
41
42   <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
43
44   <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
45
46   <wsdl:part name="date" type="xsd:dateTime"/>
47
48 </wsdl:message>
49
50 <wsdl:message name="getConnectedDeviceIPRequest">
51
52   <wsdl:part name="aliasRG" type="soapenc:string"/>
53
54   <wsdl:part name="alarmGender" type="soapenc:string"/>
55
56 </wsdl:message>
57
58 <wsdl:message name="notifyAlarmResponse">
59
60   <wsdl:part name="notifyAlarmReturn" type="xsd:boolean"/>
61
62 </wsdl:message>
63
64 <wsdl:message name="getConnectedDeviceIPResponse">
65
66   <wsdl:part name="getConnectedDeviceIPReturn" type="impl:ArrayOf_xsd_anyType"/>
67
68 </wsdl:message>
69
70 <wsdl:portType name="WSSeguitelService">
71
72   <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm" parameterOrder="aliasRG_alarmGender_date">
73
74     <wsdl:input message="impl:notifyAlarmRequest" name="notifyAlarmRequest"/>
75
76     <wsdl:output message="impl:notifyAlarmResponse" name="notifyAlarmResponse"/>
77
78   </wsdl:operation>
79
80   <wsdl:operation name="getConnectedDeviceIP" parameterOrder="aliasRG_alarmGender">
81
82     <wsdl:input message="impl:getConnectedDeviceIPRequest" name="getConnectedDeviceIPRequest"/>
83
84     <wsdl:output message="impl:getConnectedDeviceIPResponse" name="getConnectedDeviceIPResponse"/>
85
86   </wsdl:operation>
87
88   <wsdl:operation name="getResidencialGatewayIP" parameterOrder="aliasRG">
89
90     <wsdl:input message="impl:getResidencialGatewayIPRequest" name="getResidencialGatewayIPRequest"/>
91
92     <wsdl:output message="impl:getResidencialGatewayIPResponse" name="getResidencialGatewayIPResponse"/>
93
94   </wsdl:operation>

```

```

95      </wsdl:portType>
96
97      <wsdl:binding name="WSSeguitelServiceSoapBinding" type="impl:WSSeguitelService">
98          <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
99
100         <wsdl:operation name="notifyAlarm">
101             <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
102
103             <wsdl:input name="notifyAlarmRequest">
104                 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
105                     use="encoded" />
106
107             </wsdl:input>
108
109             <wsdl:output name="notifyAlarmResponse">
110                 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
111                     localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService" use="encoded" />
112
113             </wsdl:output>
114
115         </wsdl:operation>
116
117         <wsdl:operation name="getConnectedDeviceIP">
118             <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
119
120             <wsdl:input name="getConnectedDeviceIPRequest">
121                 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
122                     use="encoded" />
123
124             </wsdl:input>
125
126             <wsdl:output name="getConnectedDeviceIPResponse">
127                 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
128                     localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService" use="encoded" />
129
130             </wsdl:output>
131
132         </wsdl:operation>
133
134         <wsdl:operation name="getResidencialGatewayIP">
135             <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
136
137             <wsdl:input name="getResidencialGatewayIPRequest">
138                 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
139                     use="encoded" />
140
141             </wsdl:input>
142
143             <wsdl:output name="getResidencialGatewayIPResponse">
144                 <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
145                     localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService" use="encoded" />
146
147             </wsdl:output>
148
149         </wsdl:operation>
150
151     </wsdl:binding>
152
153     <wsdl:service name="WSSeguitelServiceService">
154
155         <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSSeguitelServiceSoapBinding" name="WSSeguitelService">
156             <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSSeguitelService" />
157
158         </wsdl:port>
159
160     </wsdl:service>
161
162 </wsdl:definitions>

```

## 5.6 Abstract WSDL: WSMedicalDevice

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <wsdl:definitions targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns:apachesoap="http:
   //xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns:impl="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns:intf="
   http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/
   encoding/" xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/" xmlns:wsdlsoap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/
   soap/" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
3 <!--WSDL created by Apache Axis version: 1.4
4 Built on Apr 22, 2006 (06:55:48 PDT)-->
5 <wsdl:types>
6   <schema targetNamespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/
      XMLSchemam">
7     <import namespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap"/>
8     <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding"/>
9     <complexType name="ArrayOf_xsd_anyType">
10    <complexContent>
11      <restriction base="soapenc:Array">
12        <attribute ref="soapenc:arrayType" wsdl:arrayType="xsd:anyType[]"/>
13      </restriction>
14    </complexContent>
15  </complexType>
16 </schema>
17 <schema targetNamespace="http://xml.apache.org/xml-soap" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
18   <import namespace="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice"/>
19   <import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding"/>
20   <complexType name="Vector">
21     <sequence>
22       <element maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" name="item" type="xsd:anyType"/>
23     </sequence>
24   </complexType>
25 </schema>
26 </wsdl:types>
27
28 <wsdl:message name="getMedicalDevicesRequest">
29
30 </wsdl:message>
31
32 <wsdl:message name="getMedicalDevicesResponse">
33
34   <wsdl:part name="getMedicalDevicesReturn" type="impl:ArrayOf_xsd_anyType"/>
35
36 </wsdl:message>
37
38 <wsdl:message name="getMeasureRequest">
39
40   <wsdl:part name="idMedicalDevice" type="soapenc:string"/>
41
42 </wsdl:message>
43
44 <wsdl:message name="getMeasureResponse">
45
46   <wsdl:part name="getMeasureReturn" type="soapenc:string"/>
47
48 </wsdl:message>
49
50 <wsdl:portType name="WSMedicalDevice">
51
52   <wsdl:operation name="getMedicalDevices">
53
54     <wsdl:input message="impl:getMedicalDevicesRequest" name="getMedicalDevicesRequest"/>
55
56     <wsdl:output message="impl:getMedicalDevicesResponse" name="getMedicalDevicesResponse"/>
57
58   </wsdl:operation>
59
60   <wsdl:operation name="getMeasure" parameterOrder="idMedicalDevice">
61
62     <wsdl:input message="impl:getMeasureRequest" name="getMeasureRequest"/>
63
64     <wsdl:output message="impl:getMeasureResponse" name="getMeasureResponse"/>
65
66   </wsdl:operation>
67
68 </wsdl:portType>
69
70 <wsdl:binding name="WSMedicalDeviceSoapBinding" type="impl:WSMedicalDevice">
71
72   <wsdlsoap:binding style="rpc" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
73
74   <wsdl:operation name="getMedicalDevices">
75
76     <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
77
78     <wsdl:input name="getMedicalDevicesRequest">
79

```

```

80     <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
81         use="encoded"/>
82     </wsdl:input>
83
84     <wsdl:output name="getMedicalDevicesResponse">
85
86         <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
87             localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" use="encoded"/>
88
89     </wsdl:output>
90
91     </wsdl:operation>
92
93     <wsdl:operation name="getMeasure">
94
95         <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction="" />
96
97         <wsdl:input name="getMeasureRequest">
98
99             <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://wsScenario"
100                use="encoded"/>
101
102         </wsdl:input>
103
104         <wsdl:output name="getMeasureResponse">
105
106             <wsdlsoap:body encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/" namespace="http://
107                 localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice" use="encoded"/>
108
109     </wsdl:output>
110
111     </wsdl:operation>
112
113     <wsdl:service name="WSMedicalDeviceService">
114
115         <wsdl:port binding="impl:WSMedicalDeviceSoapBinding" name="WSMedicalDevice">
116
117             <wsdlsoap:address location="http://localhost:8080/axis/services/WSMedicalDevice"/>
118
119         </wsdl:port>
120
121     </wsdl:service>
122
123 </wsdl:definitions>

```

## 5.7 WS Agreement

```

1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2  <wsag:AgreementOffer xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.ggf.org/namespaces/ws-agreement"
3      xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4      xmlns:xss="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
5      xmlns:wsag="http://schemas.ggf.org/graaP/2005/09/ws-agreement"
6      xmlns:puppetScope="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppetScope"
7      xmlns:puppetSLO="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppetSLO"
8      xmlns:puppetQC="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppetQC"
9      xmlns:ns="http://setest0.isti.cnr.it/puppet">
10     <wsag:Name>Telefonica_Example_Scenario_3</wsag:Name>
11
12     <wsag:Context />
13
14     <wsag:Terms>
15         <wsag:All>
16             <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="ContactDeciveIP-Term1"
17                 wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
18                 <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSeguileService">
19                     <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
20                         <puppetScope:Method>
21                             <NameMethod>getContactDeciveIP</NameMethod> -->
22                             <NameMethod>getConnectedDeviceIP</NameMethod>
23                         </puppetScope:Method>
24                     </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
25                 </wsag:ServiceScope>
26
27                 <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
28                     <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
29                         <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
30                             <puppetQC:StringType>
31                                 <Variable>alarmGender</Variable>
32                             </puppetQC:StringType>
33

```

```

34     <op>equal</op>
35
36     <puppetQC:StringType>
37         <Value>Emergency</Value>
38     </puppetQC:StringType>
39     </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
40   </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
41 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
42
43 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
44   <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
45     <puppetSLO:Latency>
46       <value>2000</value>
47
48     <puppetSLO:Distribution>
49       <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
50     </puppetSLO:Distribution>
51   </puppetSLO:Latency>
52 </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
53 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
54
55 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
56   <wsag:Penalty>
57     <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
58       <wsag:Count />
59     </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
60
61     <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
62   </wsag:Penalty>
63 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
64 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
65 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="ContactDeciveIP-Term2"
66   wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
67   <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSeguitelService">
68     <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
69       <puppetScope:Method>
70         <!--
71           <NameMethod>getContactDeciveIP</NameMethod> -->
72           <NameMethod>getConnectedDeviceIP</NameMethod>
73         </puppetScope:Method>
74       </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
75     </wsag:ServiceScope>
76
77     <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
78       <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
79         <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
80           <puppetQC:StringType>
81             <Variable>alarmGender</Variable>
82           </puppetQC:StringType>
83
84         <op>equal</op>
85
86         <puppetQC:StringType>
87           <Value>No Confirmation</Value>
88         </puppetQC:StringType>
89       </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
90     </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
91   </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
92
93   <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
94     <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
95       <puppetSLO:Latency>
96         <value>1000</value>
97
98       <puppetSLO:Distribution>
99         <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
100       </puppetSLO:Distribution>
101     </puppetSLO:Latency>
102   </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
103 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
104
105   <wsag:BusinessValueList>
106     <wsag:Penalty>
107       <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
108         <wsag:Count />
109       </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
110
111     <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
112   </wsag:Penalty>
113 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
114 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
115 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmDoctor-Term1"
116   wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
117   <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSDoctor">

```

```

118     <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
119         <puppetScope:Method>
120             <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>
121         </puppetScope:Method>
122     </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
123 </wsag:ServiceScope>
124
125     <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
126         <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
127             <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
128                 <puppetQC:StringType>
129                     <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
130                 </puppetQC:StringType>
131
132             <op>equal</op>
133
134             <puppetQC:StringType>
135                 <Value>MobileNode</Value>
136             </puppetQC:StringType>
137         </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
138     </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
139 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
140
141     <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
142         <puppetsSLO:PuppetsSLO>
143             <puppetSLO:Latency>
144                 <value>6000</value>
145             <puppetSLO:Distribution>
146                 <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
147             </puppetSLO:Distribution>
148         </puppetsSLO:Latency>
149         <puppetSLO:Reliability>
150             <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
151             <ReliabilityPerc>5</ReliabilityPerc>
152             <puppetSLO:Distribution>
153                 <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
154             </puppetSLO:Distribution>
155         </puppetSLO:Reliability>
156     </puppetsSLO:PuppetsSLO>
157 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
158
159     <wsag:BusinessValueList>
160         <wsag:Penalty>
161             <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
162                 <wsag:Count />
163             </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
164
165             <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
166         </wsag:Penalty>
167     </wsag:BusinessValueList>
168 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmDoctor-Term2">
169     wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
170     <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSDoctor">
171         <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
172             <puppetScope:Method>
173                 <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>
174             </puppetScope:Method>
175         </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
176     </wsag:ServiceScope>
177 </wsag:ServiceScope>
178
179     <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
180         <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
181             <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
182                 <puppetQC:StringType>
183                     <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
184                 </puppetQC:StringType>
185
186             <op>equal</op>
187
188             <puppetQC:StringType>
189                 <Value>WiredServer</Value>
190             </puppetQC:StringType>
191         </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
192     </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
193 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
194
195     <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
196         <puppetsSLO:PuppetsSLO>
197             <puppetSLO:Latency>
198                 <value>2000</value>
199             <puppetSLO:Distribution>
200                 <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
201             </puppetSLO:Distribution>

```

```

202     </puppetSLO:Latency>
203     <puppetSLO:Reliability>
204         <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
205
206     <ReliabilityPerc>1</ReliabilityPerc>
207
208     <puppetSLO:Distribution>
209         <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
210     </puppetSLO:Distribution>
211     </puppetSLO:Reliability>
212   </puppetsLO:PuppetsSLO>
213 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
214
215 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
216   <wsag:Penalty>
217     <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
218       <wsag:Count />
219     </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
220
221     <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
222   </wsag:Penalty>
223 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
224 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
225 </wsag:ExactlyOne>
226 <wsag:ExactlyOne>
227   <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmSupervisor-Term1">
228     wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider"
229     <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSupervisor">
230       <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
231         <puppetScope:Method>
232           <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>
233         </puppetScope:Method>
234       </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
235     </wsag:ServiceScope>
236
237   <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
238     <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
239       <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
240         <puppetQC:StringType>
241           <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
242         </puppetQC:StringType>
243
244         <op>equal</op>
245
246       <puppetQC:StringType>
247         <Value>MobileNode</Value>
248       </puppetQC:StringType>
249       </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
250     </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
251   </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
252
253 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
254   <puppetSLO:PuppetsSLO>
255     <puppetSLO:Latency>
256       <value>10000</value>
257
258     <puppetSLO:Distribution>
259       <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
260     </puppetSLO:Distribution>
261   </puppetsSLO:Latency>
262   <puppetSLO:Reliability>
263     <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
264
265     <ReliabilityPerc>5</ReliabilityPerc>
266
267     <puppetSLO:Distribution>
268       <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
269     </puppetSLO:Distribution>
270   </puppetSLO:Reliability>
271   </puppetsSLO:PuppetsSLO>
272 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
273
274 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
275   <wsag:Penalty>
276     <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
277       <wsag:Count />
278     </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
279
280     <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
281   </wsag:Penalty>
282 </wsag:BusinessValueList>
283 </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
284 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="AlarmSupervisor-Term2">
285   wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider"

```

```

286 <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSSupervisor">
287   <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
288     <puppetScope:Method>
289       <NameMethod>receiveAlarm</NameMethod>
290     </puppetScope:Method>
291   </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
292 </wsag:ServiceScope>
293
294 <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
295   <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
296     <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
297       <puppetQC:StringType>
298         <Variable>deployedOn</Variable>
299       </puppetQC:StringType>
300
301     <op>equal</op>
302
303     <puppetQC:StringType>
304       <Value>WiredServer</Value>
305     </puppetQC:StringType>
306   </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
307   </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
308 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
309
310 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
311   <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
312     <puppetSLO:Latency>
313       <value>6000</value>
314
315       <puppetSLO:Distribution>
316         <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
317       </puppetSLO:Distribution>
318     </puppetSLO:Latency>
319     <puppetSLO:Reliability>
320       <Reliabilitywindow>30000</Reliabilitywindow>
321
322       <ReliabilityPerc>1</ReliabilityPerc>
323
324       <puppetSLO:Distribution>
325         <Gaussian>100</Gaussian>
326       </puppetSLO:Distribution>
327     </puppetSLO:Reliability>
328   </puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>
329 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
330
331 <wsag:BusinessValueList>
332   <wsag:Penalty>
333     <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
334       <wsag:Count />
335     </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
336
337       <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
338     </wsag:Penalty>
339   </wsag:BusinessValueList>
340   </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
341 </wsag:ExactlyOne>
342 <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="MedicalDevice-Term1"
343   wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider">
344   <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSMedicalDevice">
345     <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
346       <puppetScope:Method>
347         <NameMethod>getMeasure</NameMethod>
348       </puppetScope:Method>
349     </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
350   </wsag:ServiceScope>
351
352 <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
353   <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
354     <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
355       <puppetQC:StringType>
356         <Variable>idMedicalDevice</Variable>
357       </puppetQC:StringType>
358
359     <op>equal</op>
360
361     <puppetQC:StringType>
362       <Value>device_1</Value>
363     </puppetQC:StringType>
364   </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
365   </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
366 </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
367
368 <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
369   <puppetSLO:PuppetSLO>

```

```

370      <puppetSLO:Latency>
371          <value>3000</value>
372
373          <puppetSLO:Distribution>
374              <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
375          </puppetSLO:Distribution>
376      </puppetSLO:Latency>
377  </puppetsLO:PuppetsLO>
378 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
379
380  <wsag:BusinessValueList>
381      <wsag:Penalty>
382          <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
383              <wsag:Count />
384          </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
385
386          <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
387      </wsag:Penalty>
388  </wsag:BusinessValueList>
389  </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
390  <wsag:GuaranteeTerm wsag:Name="MedicalDevice-Term2">
391      wsag:Obligated="ServiceProvider"
392      <wsag:ServiceScope wsag:ServiceName="WSMedicalDevice">
393          <puppetScope:PuppetScope>
394              <puppetScope:Method>
395                  <NameMethod>getMeasure</NameMethod>
396              </puppetScope:Method>
397          </puppetScope:PuppetScope>
398      </wsag:ServiceScope>
399
400  <wsag:QualifyingCondition>
401      <puppetQC:PuppetQC>
402          <puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
403              <puppetQC:StringType>
404                  <Variable>idMedicalDevice</Variable>
405              </puppetQC:StringType>
406
407          <op>equal</op>
408
409          <puppetQC:StringType>
410              <Value>device_2</Value>
411          </puppetQC:StringType>
412          </puppetQC:StringBinaryExpression>
413      </puppetQC:PuppetQC>
414  </wsag:QualifyingCondition>
415
416  <wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
417      <puppetsLO:PuppetsLO>
418          <puppetSLO:Latency>
419              <value>10000</value>
420
421          <puppetSLO:Distribution>
422              <Gaussian>10</Gaussian>
423          </puppetSLO:Distribution>
424      </puppetSLO:Latency>
425  </puppetsLO:PuppetsLO>
426 </wsag:ServiceLevelObjective>
427
428  <wsag:BusinessValueList>
429      <wsag:Penalty>
430          <wsag:AssessmentInterval>
431              <wsag:Count />
432          </wsag:AssessmentInterval>
433
434          <wsag:ValueExpression> 2 </wsag:ValueExpression>
435      </wsag:Penalty>
436  </wsag:BusinessValueList>
437  </wsag:GuaranteeTerm>
438
439  </wsag:All>
440  </wsag:Terms>
441 </wsag:AgreementOffer>
```

## 5.8 Warehouse

In the following we report the Java source code emulating a Warehouse Web Service. The whole code of the stub was automatically generated by Puppet with the **ambitionMode** enabled. The specification of the warehouse we used in this example is the one given in Chapter 4.6.

```

1 package services;
2
3 import java.math.BigInteger;
4 import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```

5 import java.util.Iterator;
6
7 import density.Density;
8
9 public class WarehousePortBindingImpl {
10     /*
11      * The SSM object.
12      */
13     private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine aMbItIoNssm;
14
15     /*
16      * The simulator is generated
17      */
18     private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator aMbItIoNsims;
19
20     private info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNfindSSMMesssage(
21         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.ServiceStateMachine ssm,
22         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind kind,
23         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation op)
24         throws Exception {
25         java.util.HashSet<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message> messages = ssm
26             .getMessages();
27         for (java.util.Iterator it = messages.iterator(); it.hasNext();) {
28             info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message m = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message) it
29                 .next();
30             if (m.getKind() != info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.UNOBSERVABLE) {
31                 if ((m.getKind() == kind) && (m.getOperation().equals(op))) {
32                     return m;
33                 }
34             }
35         }
36         throw new Exception(
37             "Cannot find the input SSM message belonging to the Operation "
38             + op.getName() + "!");
39     }
40
41     public WarehousePortBindingImpl() throws Exception {
42         /*
43          * To initialise the Simulator, the following items are needed:
44          */
45
46         /*
47          * The URL of the WSDL file
48          */
49         java.net.URL aMbItIoNWSSDLUrl = new java.net.URL("Put here the URL of the Service's WSDL");
50
51         /*
52          * The name of the WSDL-Service
53          */
54         String aMbItIoNservice = "Put here the name of the Service as in the WSDL";
55
56         /*
57          * The name of the WSDL-Port
58          */
59         String aMbItIoNport = "Put here the port of the Service as in the WSDL";
60
61         /*
62          * The URL of the SSM Schema Instance
63          */
64         java.net.URL aMbItIoNSSMUrl = new java.net.URL("Put here the URL of the SSM Schema Instance");
65
66         /*
67          * Now we can generate the SSM object. To do so, we use Zsolt's "Minerva" library
68          */
69         aMbItIoNssm = hu.soft4d.jessi.ssm.SSMHandler.generateSSM(
70             aMbItIoNWSSDLUrl, aMbItIoNSSMUrl, aMbItIoNservice, aMbItIoNport);
71
72         /*
73          * Before we can use the SSM in the simulator, the parsers have to be attached
74          * to the switches
75          */
76         aMbItIoNssm.attachParsersToSwitches();
77
78         /*
79          * Next we generate the socket to the treeSolver.
80          */
81         String aMbItIoNsolverHost = "Put here the URL of the Solver";
82         int aMbItIoNsolverPort = "Put here the Port of the Solver";
83         java.net.Socket aMbItIoNsolverSocket = new java.net.Socket(
84             aMbItIoNsolverHost, aMbItIoNsolverPort);
85
86         /*
87          * The treeSolver sends a welcome message, we remove it from the stream
88          */
89         new java.io.BufferedReader(new java.io.InputStreamReader(
90             aMbItIoNsolverSocket.getInputStream())).readLine();
91
92         /*
93          * The simulator can use an external tool to display sequence diagrams
94          * of the messages exchanged. // I skip this here since this takes extra
95          * resources/

```

```

89     */
90
91     /**
92      * The simulator needs a logger to log to
93      */
94     java.util.logging.Logger aMbItIoNlogger = java.util.logging.Logger
95     .getLogger("");
96
97     /* The simulator is generated */
98
99     aMbItIoNsSim = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.SSMSimulator(
100        aMbItIoNsSm, aMbItIoNsolverSocket, aMbItIoNlogger);
101
102    /**
103     * If Double variables are used we assume this models money
104     * (experimental). In any case, do this:
105     */
106    info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_PseudoPosDouble.postPointLength = 2;
107
108    /* Now the Simulator is ready.
109    * -----
110    */
111 }
112
113 public services.Quote checkAvail(services.QuoteRequest r)
114   throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
115   long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
116   services.Quote aMbItIoNreturnValue;
117   try {
118     aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
119
120     /**
121      * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
122      */
123     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
124       ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation("checkAvail", info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.
125       REQUESTRESPONSE);
126     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmMessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessag
127       e(aMbItIoNsSm,
128       info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT, aMbItIoNoperation);
129     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
130       ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
131     java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNm
132       esageType = aMbItIoNmMessage.getType();
133     java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNit = aMbItIoNmMessageType.iterator();
134     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;
135
136     /**
137      * Generated Parameter 0
138      */
139     aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNit.next();
140     Object[] aMbItIoNparameterValues = new Object[2];
141     aMbItIoNparameterValues[0] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstanc
142       e(r.
143       getProductName());
144     aMbItIoNparameterValues[1] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstanc
145       e(r.
146       getQuantity());
147     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance rInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
148       ssmsimulator.types.ComplexTypeInstance(aMbItIoNparameterValues);
149     aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), rInstance);
150
151     /**
152      * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
153      */
154     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNm = new info.frantzen.testing.
155       ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage( aMbItIoNmMessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
156
157     /**
158      * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note
159      * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
160      * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
161      * here we do testing.
162      */
163     aMbItIoNsSim.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNm);
164
165     /**
166      * Ok, the simulator knows the input. Now we need a functionally
167      * correct response to this call. We first ask the simulator for all
168      * currently activated output transitions.
169      */
170     java.util.ArrayList aMbItIoNoutputs = new java.util.ArrayList(aMbItIoNsSim.getCurrentOutputSwitches());
171
172     /**
173      * Out of all possible output switches, we randomly choose one and
174      * check if it has a solution. If yes, we take it. If not, we choose
175      * randomly the next one.
176    }

```

```

164 /*
165  *boolean aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = true;
166 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNnextOutput = null;
167 java.util.Random aMbItIoNrandom = new java.util.Random();
168 while (!aMbItIoNoutputs.isEmpty() && aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound) {
169     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch aMbItIoNcandidate = (info.frantzen.testing.
170         ssmsimulator.ssm.Switch) aMbItIoNoutputs.get(aMbItIoNrandom.nextInt(aMbItIoNoutputs.size()));
171 
172     /*
173      * try to find a solution, if yes, fine, if not, remove the
174      * candidate
175      */
176     aMbItIoNnextOutput = aMbItIoNsims.findSolution(aMbItIoNcandidate);
177     if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
178         aMbItIoNoutputs.remove(aMbItIoNcandidate);
179     else
180         aMbItIoNnoSolutionFound = false;
181 }
182 if (aMbItIoNnextOutput == null)
183     throw new Exception("Failure_in_SSM!_No_output_for_synchronous_input_specified!");
184 /*
185  * Ok, we have now a feasible and functionally correct output:
186  * nextOutput Before we send this output to the Service out there,
187  * we tell so to the simulator:
188  */
189 aMbItIoNsims.processInstantiatedMessageNoBackup(aMbItIoNnextOutput);
190 
191 /*
192  * What is left to do, is to map this instantiated message back to a
193  * real returnValue.
194  */
195 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNreturnMessage = aMbItIoNnextOutput.getMessage();
196 String aMbItIoNreturnVarName = ((info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable)
197     aMbItIoNreturnMessage.getType().iterator().next()).getName();
198 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNreturnValuation = aMbItIoNnextOutput.
199     getValuation();
200 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance aMbItIoNreturnInstance = aMbItIoNreturnValuation
201     .getSingleInstance(aMbItIoNreturnVarName);
202 String[] aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation = aMbItIoNreturnInstance.toString().split(",");
203 aMbItIoNreturnValue = new services.Quote((Double.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[0]).doubleValue(),
204     aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[1], (Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[2]).intValue()),(
205         Integer.valueOf(aMbItIoNarrayRepresentation[3]).intValue())));
206 /*
207  * Now send the returnValue back to the calling service. That's it.
208  */
209 } catch (Exception genericException) {
210     throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
211 }
212 Density D = new Density();
213 Double sleepValue = D
214     .gaussian(25000 - puppet.ambition.Naturals
215     .asNatural(aMbItIoNinvocationTime
216     - System.currentTimeMillis()));
217 try {
218     Thread.sleep(sleepValue.longValue());
219 } catch (InterruptedException e) {
220 }
221 return aMbItIoNreturnValue;
222 }
223 
224 public void cancelTransact(int ref) throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
225     long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
226     try {
227         aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
228         /*
229          * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
230          */
231         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
232             ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation(
233                 "cancelTransact",
234                 info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.ONEWAY);
235         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessages(
236             aMbItIoNsims,
237             info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT,
238             aMbItIoNoperation);
239         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
240             ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
241         java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNmessageType =
242             aMbItIoNmessage
243                 .getType();
244         java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNit = aMbItIoNmessageType.iterator();
245         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;
246     }

```

```

238     /*
239      * Generated Parameter 0
240      */
241     aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNit
242         .next();
243     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance refInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
244         ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstance(
245             ref);
246     aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(),
247             refInstance);
248
249     /*
250      * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
251      */
252     info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNim = new info.frantzen.testing.
253         ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage(
254             aMbItIoNmessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
255
256     /*
257      * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note
258      * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
259      * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
260      * here we do testing.
261      */
262     aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNim);
263 } catch (Exception genericException) {
264     throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
265 }
266
267 static long startWinTimeStamp = System.currentTimeMillis();
268
269 static ArrayList<Long> faultBuffer = new ArrayList<Long>();
270
271 static int executedFault = 0;
272
273 public void orderShipment(int ref, services.Address adr) throws java.rmi.RemoteException {
274     long aMbItIoNinvocationTime = 0;
275     try {
276         aMbItIoNinvocationTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
277         /*
278          * Code Generated for Integration with Ambition
279          */
280         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation aMbItIoNoperation = new info.frantzen.testing.
281             ssmsimulator.ssm.Operation("orderShipment", info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.OperationKind.
282                 ONEWAY);
283         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Message aMbItIoNmessage = aMbItIoNfindSSMMessages( aMbItIoNssm,
284             info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.MessageKind.INPUT, aMbItIoNoperation);
285         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation aMbItIoNvaluation = new info.frantzen.testing.
286             ssmsimulator.ssm.Valuation();
287         java.util.ArrayList<info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable> aMbItIoNmessageType =
288             aMbItIoNmessage.getType();
289         java.util.Iterator aMbItIoNit = aMbItIoNmessageType.iterator();
290         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable aMbItIoNvar;
291
292         /*
293          * Generated Parameter 0
294          */
295         aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNit.next();
296         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance refInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
297             ssmsimulator.types.ST_PosIntInstance(ref);
298         aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), refInstance);
299
300         /*
301          * Generated Parameter 1
302          */
303         aMbItIoNvar = (info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InteractionVariable) aMbItIoNit.next();
304         Object[] aMbItIoNparameterValues = new Object[2];
305         aMbItIoNparameterValues[0] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
306             getFirstName());
307         aMbItIoNparameterValues[1] = new info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.ST_StringInstance(adr.
308             getLastName());
309         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.types.TypeInstance adrInstance = new info.frantzen.testing.
310             ssmsimulator.types.ComplexTypeInstance(aMbItIoNparameterValues);
311         aMbItIoNvaluation.addSingleValuation(aMbItIoNvar.getName(), adrInstance);
312
313         /*
314          * The valuation is ready, we can construct an instantiated message
315          */
316         info.frantzen.testing.ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage aMbItIoNim = new info.frantzen.testing.
317             ssmsimulator.ssm.InstantiatedMessage( aMbItIoNmessage, aMbItIoNvaluation);
318
319         /*
320          * This instantiated message can now be given to the simulator. Note

```

```

310     * that here the simulator can potentially spot a failure, namely
311     * when this message is not specified in the SSM! In that sense,
312     * here we do testing.
313     */
314     aMbItIoNsim.processInstantiatedMessage(aMbItIoNim);
315 } catch (Exception genericException) {
316     throw new java.rmi.RemoteException(genericException.getMessage());
317 }
318 long winSize = 120000;
319 int maxFault = 3;
320 long currentTimeStamp = System.currentTimeMillis();
321 for (int i=0; i<faultBuffer.size();i++){
322     if (currentTimeStamp - faultBuffer.get(i) >= winSize){
323         faultBuffer.remove(i);
324     }
325 }
326 if (faultBuffer.size() < maxFault){
327     Density d = new Density();
328     double dv = d.gaussian(100);
329     if (dv > 50) {
330         String fCode = "Server.NoService";
331         String fString = "PUPPET:_No_target_service_to_invoke!";
332         org.apache.axis.AxisFault fault = new org.apache.axis.AxisFault(
333             fCode, fString, "", null);
334         aMbItIoNsim.undo();
335         faultBuffer.add(currentTimeStamp);
336         throw fault;
337     }
338 }
339 }
340 }
```

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